THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,533—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY of the BOMBAY BRANCH of the ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
4th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
12th "	PERSIA	8000		
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7005		
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000		
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10000		
9th "	ARABIA	8000		
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000		
29th "	PERSIA	8000		
30th "	MARMORA	12000		
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000		
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12000
4th May.	EGYPT	8000		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
19th "	ARABIA	8000		

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 475 or Rs. 504	Rs. 743 or Rs. 851
To London by Sea	Rs. 538 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 960

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.

BERTHS — Carefully Selected.

STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.

HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.

BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.

PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,580	Piazzoni	15th Jan. 1912.
D. Baldnino	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th Feb. 1912.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa, 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE; KOBE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	10th Jan. 1912.
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	10th Feb. "

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ——to SINGAPORE Rs. 155 and to HONGKONG Rs. 210.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

FOR LONDON.

Steamers	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umvoloi	4500	21st March 1912.
Umsinga	4500	15th April "
Umsumbi	5000	4th May "

Fares Rs. 400 to Rs. 440.

For further particulars, apply to—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1205	Thurs.	4th Jan.	9 a.m.	*C. M.
Linga	2184	Fri.	5th Jan.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Lhasa	2184	Mon.	8th Jan.	11 a.m.	‡ via P. D. & C. M.

*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 4th Jan. calling at Muscat, Lingu, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Falifana," 2098 tons, on Wednesday 10th January, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3418 tons, on or about 25th January, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Landaura" 3358 tons on or about 13th January.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

3rd January, 1912.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
			THURSDAY.
Polynesien	6363	Bruno	18th Jan. 1912.
Ville-de-la Ciotat	6378	Eschenauer	15th Feb. 1912.
Nera	5538	Casanova	14th Mar. 1912.
Oceanien	4143	Cousin	11th April 1912.
Armand Behic	6385	Guionnet	9th May 1912.
Yarra	4143	Rosati	6th June 1912.
Salazie	4147	X	4th July 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrain Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares,

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Oceanien	4132	Cousin	26th Jan. 1912.
Armand Behic	6385	Guionnet	23rd Feb. 1912.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Agent.

Albert Building Hornby Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.	
*Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan.	1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd "	"
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	7th Feb.	"
*Elysia	6369	A. Haig	24th "	"
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Mar.	"
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R.	23rd "	"
*Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	6th Apr.	"
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st "	"
*Castalia	6369	G. Mitchell	3rd May	"
*Elysia	6369	A. Haigh	17th "	"
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	2nd June	"

*"Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy."

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 803	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by S. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
In a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c., when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA

BANKS.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, LONDON, E. C.
CALCUTTA OFFICE:
103, Clive Street, Calcutta.
BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Horsby Road and Church Gate Street.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
CALLED UP £400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. I. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....$ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....$ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....$ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch, HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COCOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS,
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund .....$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do. HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA;	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	ILOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the same secured amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months a term which may be ascertained on application.
Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

ESTABLISHED, 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, Charing Cross, London.
BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agents throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager, The Bombay Gazette Electric Press

BOMBAY RACES.

GOERZ TRIEDER BINOCULARS.

No. 20. Linear magnification 6 x. Surface magnification 36 x. Actual field of view 6·7. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 110.

No. 40. The extreme magnifying power of this glass renders it useful for all occasions where a distinct image of objects at great distances is required. It is the best glass for use in the Army and Navy or at Races, but is not suitable for the Theatre. Linear magnification 12 x. Surface magnification 144 x. Actual field of view 3. 4°. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 144.

GOERZ PAGOR BINOCULARS.

The smallest Prism glass. A Telescope in Opera size. Army and Sporting models. Small, handy and convenient in form, the "Pagor" may be easily carried in the pocket. Definition sharp and clear. Focussed in the same manner as the ordinary Opera glass by the rotation of a small wheel. x 8 weight 10½ oz. x 10 weight 11 oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8 and Rs. 133.

GOERZ NEO-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

These glasses give increased Stereoscopic effect. Enlarged field of view, great illumination of the pictures. Focussed by rack and wheel. Right ocular separately adjusted to allow for inequality of vision, x 8 diameters Field of view. Actual 6, 4° with leather case and slings. Weight 18½ oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8

GOERZ HELI-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

The features of this glass are increased stereoscopic effect and illumination. Enlarged field of view. Focussed by rotation of the oculars. Damp proof, specially constructed for India, x 8 diameters. Field of view: Actual 6, 4° with leather case and sling. ... ... Price Rs 122-8.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

A REALLY TRUE WORKMAN

HARICHAND MANCHARAM.

SAFE MANUFACTURER, GULALWADI, BOMBAY.

THE PROUD RECIPIENT OF 17 MEDALS.
ADDS ONE MORE FEATHER TO HIS CAP.

He gets the BEST CERTIFICATE a SAFE MANUFACTURER can ever get.

The Executors of the Great Temple of GOSWAMI SHRI MAHALAXMI VAHOOJI endorsed the good opinions one by this reputed Safe Maker in the following terms:—

Once it was discovered that ten Keys of a most valuable massive Safe kept in the Temple were lost or stolen. Every effort was made to unlock and open the Safe but to no purpose. Many a Locksmith tried but failed. The Safe was even taken to Messrs. Godrej's Factory, but the Safe could not be opened. All the valuables for the decoration and beautifying of the God of the Temple were locked up and it was an imperative need to get them out. At last Mr. HARICHAND was the rescuer from the already become awkward situation. He unlocked the massive Safe and took out the valuables. All the subsequent repairs and new Keys were a piece of work only an excellent and welversed artiste in his line could have done. It was executed most cleverly by Messrs. HARICHAND MANCHARAM.

This CERTIFICATE was given on January 4, 1911, and signed Mr. GIRDHARLAL MEHTA, SOLICITOR, and other Executors of the Temple.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

150½ "SHELL"

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA.

150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" 150°

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,

CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.

MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
Chester	125°	" "	
Devoe's	125°	" "	
Monkey	125°	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

PATENTED ABROAD. "JOHA" PATENTED ABROAD

(REGISTERED AS A TRADE-MARK.)

A 40 per cent. preparation of Salvarsan ready for immediate use.
Will not deteriorate by keeping.

Prepared after the original prescription of Dr. CARL SCHINDLER, Berlin and Geh. Med. Rat. Prof. Dr. A. NEISSER, Breslau

Used with most satisfactory results in many of the leading Hospitals and Clinics on the Continent.

The great popularity which "JOHA" has recently gained in the Salvarsan-treatment is due, firstly, to its almost entire painlessness and, secondly, to its simplicity in use.

"JOHA" is supplied to the medical profession as follows:—

"JOHA" 40 per cent.	1	cc m =0, 4 Salvarsan	Rs. 8 8
	1 1-2	cc m =0, 6 Salvarsan	" 10 12
"JOHA" for children	1	cc m =0, 1 Salvarsan in packages containing 5 tubes	" 10 4
	1	cc m =0, 2 Salvarsan in packages containing 3 tubes	" 10 12
Syringe with 3 needles and a canula in metal case			" 4 8

FULL LITERATURE ON APPLICATION.

N. POWELL & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, AND BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

FOR X'MAS SEASON.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in this article of MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES in Boxes of 10 lbs. nett at Rs. 2 per box.
FRESHLY ARRIVED and now unpacked the following:—
DUTCH CHEESE BALLS in tin foil (cream de la cream) Rs. 2-14.
MUSCATEL RAISINS (Extra choice), in 3 lbs. boxes at Rs. 2.
IMPERIAL PLUMS, in 7 lbs. tin at Rs. 5-4.
FRESH MALAGA GRAPES (large size), in bulk.
Various other Brands of PROVISIONS and OILMANSTORES from the well-known High Class Houses.
Visit our STORES early and it will pay you with the fullest satisfaction in the purchase of your Stores.

AT

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.
THE ITALIAN STORES.
105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS

HAVE JUST CLEARED A FRESH CONSIGNMENT of "ALL GOLD" brand of California Fruit, in large 2½ lbs. tins, comprising the following selection:—

CLING PEACHES.
GREEN GAGE PLUMS.
ROYAL ANN CHERRIES.
APRICOTS.
BLACKBERRIES.
BARTLETT PEARS.

Re. 1 per tin, or in cases of two dozens assorted, Rs. 22-8 per case.

MONGINI BROTHERS.
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.
ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Diseases from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, References kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. B. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Corporation, will be held at the Office of the Corporation, No. 3, Wallace Street, on WEDNESDAY, 17th January, 1912, at 4 P. M. (S. T.) for the following purposes:—

1. To receive and consider the report of the Directors and the audited accounts for the year ending 31st May last.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation.
4. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.
Bombay, 29th Dec. 1911.

IN accordance with Section 108 of the Articles of Association the BOOKS, of the above Corporation are OPEN, for the inspection of the Shareholders, at the Office of the Corporation.

WALLACE and Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

NOTIFICATION.

ENQUIRIES regarding ACCOMMODATION in the AMPHITHEATRE, on the Apollo Bandar, on the occasion of the DEPARTURE from India of THEIR IMPERIAL MAJESTIES, THE KING EMPEROR and QUEEN EMPRESS, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th January, 1912, should be made in writing to the Undersigned, before the 3rd January, 1912.

2. When applying for Cards of admission, the address must be given in full and, also, the name of each person for whom a card of admission is required.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 26th Dec., 1911.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

A NEW THROUGH ROUTE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.

FROM the 1st of January, 1912, the Northern Express will run from BOMBAY to PESHAWAR via Ratlam, Mutra, Delhi, Bhatinda, Ferozepur Lahore and Rawalpindi to the following timings:—

DOWN JOURNEY.		UP JOURNEY.	
Bombay ...Dep.	9-30 p.m.	Peshawar...Dep.	7-55 a.m
Peshawar...Arr.	10-25 p.m.	Bombay.....Arr.	8-20 a.m

	Hours occupied on journey. H.	M.
Bombay to Delhi	27	30
,, ,, Meerut	29	5
,, ,, Saharanpur	30	59
,, ,, Umballa	32	24
,, ,, Bareilly	32	35
,, ,, Bhatinda	33	21
,, ,, Ludhiana	34	51
,, ,, Ferozepore	34	58
,, ,, Lahore	35	50
,, ,, Rathgodam	37	30
,, ,, Amritsar	37	59
,, ,, Rawalpindi	44	31
,, ,, Peshawar	48	55

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 29th December, 1911.

NOTICE.

WAGONS FOR EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited from firms in India for the construction and delivery to the Eastern Bengal State Railway of 150 Standard (5' 6") GAUGE IRON COVERED JUTE WAGONS 27' 7" long.

2. The quotations are to be submitted for supplying and erecting materials for:—

(1) Underframes complete with axle guards and all fittings, wheels and axles, axle boxes, buffers, draw gear, bearing, safety chain, draw and buffer springs and Vacuum and hand brake fittings complete, which will be supplied by the Railway.
(2) Body iron work including doors, windows, brackets and all fittings.
(3) Body roofing.
(4) Painting and marking.

3. The wagons should be completely constructed in the Contractors' yard and delivered at Naihati free of railway freight or other transit charges.

4. Delivery of completed wagons will be required at the rate of 10 wagons per week, commencing four weeks after supply of the wheels, axles, etc., from England.

5. Copies of specifications, forms of tender and agreement and tracings with full particulars of contract can be obtained at the office of the Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway on payment of Rs. 100 which will be returned upon receipt of a BONAFIDE tender; but not otherwise.

6. Tenders, which must be enclosed in sealed covers, should be superscribed "Tenders for wagons for Eastern Bengal State Railway" and addressed to the Secretary, Railway Board, Calcutta. They will be received upto the noon of the 1st February 1912.

7. The Railway Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, or to assign any reason for non-acceptance of tender.

R. C. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.
Calcutta, the 27th Dec. 1911.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS

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and

HOUSEWIFE'S FRIEND

Fine Household Soaps.

Can be obtained everywhere

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.

A Lecture delivered BY LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE 1 ANNA.
To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ltd.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ltd."

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
OUR NEW YEAR ATTRACTION

AFTER FIFTY YEARS
OR
THE GOLDEN WEDDING

This Film won the Grand Prix of 25,000 francs at the Turin Exhibition 1911.

DON'T MISS THIS TREAT.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

SKATING RINK.

OPEN DAILY.
PRACTICE SESSION:—8 to 9 A. M.
Ladies only:—9-30 to 10-30 A. M.
EVENING SESSION:—6 to 8.
BAND EVERY TUESDAY and THURSDAY.
NIGHT SESSIONS:—SATURDAYS only, 9-30 to 11-30.
BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, COTTAGE PIANO, HUMBERETTE MOTOR CAR AND A PARCEL OF ENGLISH JEWELLERY ETC. ETC.

On FRIDAY, the 5th January at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction opposite Treacher and Co., and next to King and Co., in Medows Street, Fort, by order of the concerned.

Valuable and substantial mahogany and French polished household furniture, such as single and double mirror door almyrahs, tapestry lined drawing room suites of sofas and chairs dining table, cabinets, easy and Curzon chairs, glass book cases, dressing tables, writing tables with drawers, cottage piano by Jultius Pfaffe etc.

Also one single cylinder 2 seated six H. P. Humberette motor car with hood, lamps and horn complete.

Also a parcel of English jewellery set with gems, such as rings, necklaces, silver brushes, photo frames etc.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1912.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 3-30 p. m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

Also a few pieces of furniture such as dining table, and chairs sideboard, chiffoneers, teapoy, easy chair, glass cupboards marble top tables, soil lines, basket, towel horse, pictures, iron cots, square and cottage pianos, Chubb's and Milner's safes with stands etc. etc.

At 2 p. m. (S. T.)

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature office brougham in good order.
1 bay horse, aged, quiet in saddle.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

By order of the concerned and on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser Cassum Haji Alli.

150 cycle tyre sets, each set containing 2 tyres and 2 tubes.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1912.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL FACING THE SEA. FORT, BOMBAY.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?

ATANK NIGRAH PILL is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous System.

It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.

It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything what a man should have.

PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.
Write to day:—
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,
TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
APPLY EARLY TO
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & CO. Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. E. H. Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

WANTED.—A PHOTOGRAPHER, to run a studio at Aden. Apply to Mr. E. REHMANJEE, Bazar Gate, Sassoon Bldgs., Fort, with specimens of work.

APPLICATIONS from CANVASSERS and AGENTS, are invited by an Office, doing sound Life business only, State experience and terms to Box No. 506, care of this Paper.

G. MEHTA & Co., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdool Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

MOTORISTS! Did you see our Aluminium Matting? If not, you should do so. Unlike rubber it is nonperishable and will keep tidy after years of service. The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

BUNGALOW TO LET, UNFURNISHED, from 1st February, 1912. The Bungalow on Walkeshwar Road, for many years in the occupation of Mr. Nigel F. Paton. For particulars apply to Mr. SULTANALI M. CHINOY, Park House, Colaba.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Re. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 7/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Re. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rates Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 8 per 1,000 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 1½ per thousand If printed on flap, Re. 4 per thousand.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding Stationery, etc.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9. care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

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DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
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No slipping off the Nose.
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NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.
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CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.
FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.
HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

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Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
LAYS OF THE LAW.
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

SALE OF CAST IRON PILLARS, AND PULLEYS &c.

Under instructions from the Orient Bank of India Ltd. in possession Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 5th January next, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) on account and at the risk of the estate of the deceased mortgagor Mr. S. N. Grandy, at the Clarke Road, near Jacob Circle, opposite Messrs. Garlick's Iron Works, the following:—

79 cast iron pillars about 16 to 17 ft. long, 6 big pulleys, and 6 cast iron steps.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale. The goods are on view now at the premises.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1912.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
81, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd day of January 1912, sell by Public Auction at their Sales Rooms at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) the following:—

By order of the concerned—

6 American New Century Needle Sewing Machine.

A consignment of English file and thief resisting safe by the Midland Safe Co. of Birmingham consisting of—

1 safe 24 by 18 by 18.
2 safes 26 by 20 by 20.
2 safes 28 by 22 by 22.
1 safe 32 by 23 by 23.

A small consignment of high-class electro-plated-ware and superior French bronzeware consisting of vases, jardineers, bread baskets, sweet dishes, silver sugar basins, call bells, salad bowls, French bronze and brass figures, vases, bowls, and Chinese and Japanese bamboo ware.

A lot of Japanese metal ornaments, albums, lacquered ware etc.

200 pieces Indian printed table covers.
60 doz. English plates, sizes 7" to 10"
50 doz. jugs.

On account of the concerned a consignment of Analine dyes:—

397 by 1-2lb. tins select a dilect violet, B (for dyeing cotton, wool and silk).
85 by 1lb. Durga leather brown 330 for dyeing leather.
90 by 1lb. brown leather Durga brown 17,276.

Besides about 1,800 lbs. scarlet, Naphtamine blue; ink black; jet black; Bonito blue; Excelda yellow, Naphtamine violet, fast green and other dyes.

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Laloobhai Bachardass and Co. of 50 square yards flooring tiles superior design No. 58.
50 " " " " " No. 61.
On account of the concerned—
100 square yards flooring tiles No. 3010.
100 " " " " No. 3004.
10 tons broken glazed tiles.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1912.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of the Right title and interest in the properties situated at 3rd and 4th Kamathipura.

High Court Suit No. 566 of 1911.
Karadibia Karadi
vs.
Narayun Bhomaji Totawar.

Under instruction from Mr. Karadi bin Karadi the plaintiff in the above suit and in persuance of the direction contained in the consent decree dated the 17th October, 1911, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction the right title and interest of Mr. Narayun Bhomaji Totawar the first defendant in the above suit in the following landed properties:—

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 3rd January 1912 at 4 p. m., (S. T.) on the premises.

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure with the messuage-tenement or dwelling house standing therson situate at 3rd Kamathipura Street containing by admeasurement 84 square yards and 5-9 of another square yard, (made up of two adjoining pieces respectively measuring 42 and 3-9 and forty-two-ninths square yards or thereabouts) assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 3577 and 3577, New Nos. 10311 and 10,311 Old Survey No. 3154 and 3154, New Survey No. 5913 and 5913 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. E. 1300 (1) and (2) Street No. 148-150 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East Shanker Chicoo, Foolmali's property on or towards the West by the house of Ragoo Babaji on or towards the North by the Kamathipura 3rd Gully and on or towards the South by sweeper's passage.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY the 3rd January 1912, at 4-30 p. m., on the premises.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure with messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at New Town fronting the Northern side of Kamathipura 4th Street in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay admeasuring 47 square yards and 6-9 of another square yards or thereabouts registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 3769, New No. 10467, Old Survey No. 3344 and New Survey No. 6070 and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 1337, Street No. 67 and bounded as follows:—on the East by the house of Pokal Balaram on the West by the house of Vithoba Vaajari on the South by the said Kamathipura 4th Street and on the North by the sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai & Co., Solicitors at No. 15, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will hold their usual weekly Auction Sale, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 4th January, 1912, in the afternoon, at their Rooms, of a quality of piece-goods and other different kinds of goods.

2 cases flower and stripe silk.

On account and at the risk of Mr. Lilladhur Jeevraj—

O. & O.—142-46—4 cases white Doria Checks.

On account and at the risk of Mr. D. B. Mody—

D. B. M.—62-76—15 cases toys, hardware and glassware.

FOR SALE.

One billiard table.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1912.

HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.
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FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath, Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

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THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood. etc.

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BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS
for pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc, etc. Re. 1-8 ans.

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is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT,
cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch in a day. Ans. 4, each.

Ask your dealer for BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Re. 1 each or from
DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re. 2 per half year will be showed.

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The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

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BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. RELATIONS having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
36, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

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RESERVE FUNDS...	... ,,	17,150,000

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Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)	
Honolulu	San Francisco	
Kobe	Shanghai	
Liaoyang	Tsahling	
London	Tientsin	
Lyons	Tokyo	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

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N. IGARASHI,
Manager
Post Box No. 207,
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

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Esplanade Road, Bombay; Agent.

NOTICE.

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Dewan, Janjira State.
Murud-Janjira.
30th December, 1911.

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A LARGE airy and up-to-date OFFICE, on the 1st floor of Wheeler's Building, Hornby Road, with or without basement accommodation. Lift E. L. and Fans. Apply—

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BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.
Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000,00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,566,083,58
LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Medco.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
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THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-45, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala.
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY,
BOMBAY Acting Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

PRADER RIPU.

A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Re. 3 a bottle. Apply to

SAPAT & CO.,
Chemists, Bombay No. 2.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette" See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles L

AMUSEMENTS.

To-day is the third of the first :—
TO-DAY IS WEDNESDAY.
Wednesday is a very lucky day, all the world over.
It is just half distance each way to Sunday Wednesdays therefore should be well spent, and the best place to spend this one—the evening any way—is at
THE ROYAL EXHIBITION.
Open from 5 P. M. to 12-30 A. M.
Admission 8 Annas.
(Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform, and children half price.)
One uninterrupted round of pleasure and amusement.
Now Open—the Children's Corner,
THE WONDERFUL FUN PALACE.
Childhood's fairy dreams realised ! ! !
A new, novel and entertaining show, Children ! bring your parents.

THE GREAT
STADIUM.
THIS AFTERNOON at 4-30 P. M.
Hurdle racing, British Troops, Indian Troops, Schoolboys, Heats and finals, Horse Jumping, Tent Pegging, Pony Jumping, Bare back wrestling.
EVENING At 9-45 P. M.
DOORS OPEN AT 9-0 PROMPT.
Performance by
MASSED BANDS.
This performance will be the BIGGEST MUSICAL DEMONSTRATION yet attempted in the Stadium. On the last occasion
THERE WERE NO SEATS LEFT
at 9-30
A WORD TO THE WISE—
COME EARLY.
THE GREAT HIMALAYAN MOUNTAIN RAILWAY.
Again TO-NIGHT, by special request
The cars on the Railway will ascend all hills by momentum before complying with the laws of gravity.
DON'T MISS THIS FEATURE TO-NIGHT
THE WONDERFUL JOY WHEEL,
THE HOUSE OF NONSENSE,
CAKE WALK, CIRCLING WAVES,
ROTATING EQUINES, etc.
Get ready for the great
FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL NIGHT
THIS WILL BE BOMBAY'S
RED LETTER EVENT
SPECIAL BAND ITEMS TO-NIGHT.
WILL YOU BE WITH US?

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS

LONDON, JAN. 1.] [BOMBAY, JAN. 2.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pkgs.	Mincs.
3 1-2 per cent. Consols ...			
do. Rentes ...			
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...			
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...			
Bar Silver in London ...	25 1-3	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence...	25 1-4	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York ...			
Exchange on London at Paris ...			
do. do. at Berlin...			
do. do. New York...			
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	21st Sept		
3 months' sight ..	3 3-8		3-12
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	3 1-2	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4		1-4
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-4		
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	2 1-2		1 1-8
do. 7 day Market Loans...	3		1 1-8

Bar Gold
Closing Tone of Silver—Rise caused by Eastern buying.
Amount paid into the Bank of England about £400,000 Council Bills-Extra allotment :—
Bills on Madras Rs. 3,80,000 at 1s 4 1-8d.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [2ND JAN. 1912.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The Home markets were closed yesterday, but the local market opened firm at an advance on Saturday's closing rates. Good Broach was quoted Rs. 260, and fine M. G. Khamgaon-Akola January Rs 253,other quotations being higher in proportion. There has been some enquiry for contracts, but sellers are still scarce, and only a moderate business has been done, chiefly in Oomras styles. The market closes steady.

For ready cotton the demand continues and prices are stiffer. The enquiry is, for the most part being met but some holders are disinclined to accept offers even at the advance.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	260	March
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	,,	261	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	,,	259	,,
Fine M G Yeotmal	,,	257	,,
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	,,	253	,,
Fine M G Khandeish	,,	241	,,
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	,,	233	,,
Fine M G Bengal	,,	244-5	,,
F. G. H. G. Bengal	,,	235	,,

LIVERPOOL OPENING :—

Opening Tone ...	...	Quiet but steady
Estimated Sales ...	...	10,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	53,000 ,,

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
4·92	4.94	4·97
+01	ungd	+01
Apl-May.	May-June	June-July.
4·98	5·01	5·03
ungd	ungd	ungd
July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct
5·06	5·07	5·07
+01	+01	new position

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—
The market is firm.
We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 12 5 0 B.T.
April.-May ... ,, 11 12 0 B.T.

RAPESEED :—
The market is firm. We Quote:—
Yellow Gascrat ready ... ,, 9 0 0 B.T.
Brown Delhi A.-M. ... Rs. 8 6 3 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Bold White 85 n.o. ... Rs. 56 0 0
Ready White Gulburga ... ,, 55 8 0
Red Jubbalpore ... ,, 50 8 0
Black Kutni ... ,, 48 0 0
Yellow Hinganghat ... ,, 59 0 0

POPPYSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 11 4 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 7 3 0 R. T.
Forward ... ,, 35 0 0

COTTONSEED :—
Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote :—
Ready. ...Rs 25 8 0

MOWRASEED :—
Tone—Quiet.
Ready ... Rs. 7 6 0 B. T.

WHEAT :—
The market is steady. We quote :—
White Pissi ready 85 p.c. Rs. 5 0 0 R. T.
,, Delhi A.-M. ... ,, 5 4 0 ,,

DAILY EXPORTS.—JAN. 2.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Circassia s—868 cwt wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Circassia s—3,336 cwt wheat, 4,620 cwt teelseed, and 500 cwt grondnuts, Ralli Bros.

FOR HULL.
Towergate s—8,000 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR KOBE.
Arcadia s—500 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 500 cwt cotton, C N Madraswalla.

FOR SHANGHAI.
Arcadia s—15 chests opium, K Kapurchand; 5 chests opium, M Gujanand.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

The first forecast of the wheat crop of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1911-12 is as follows :—

The total area under wheat crop up to the end of November 1911 is estimated to be 1,057,600 acres, viz. irrigated 276,200 acres, and unirrigated 781,400 acres, showing an excess of 24,300 acres over 1,033,300 acres (irrigated 279,400 acres + unirrigated 753,900 acres) finally returned last year. The increase is entirely confined to the unirrigated area, and is ascribed to the timely rainfall. The expansion is shared by all the districts except Dera Ismail Khan, where, owing to the failure of rain and flow of water from the hill torrents during the months of July to September 1911, the unirrigated sowings have fallen from 97,700 acres to 38,100 acres. There is practically little change in the irrigated area, except in Peshawar, which exhibits a decrease of 4,600 acres, due partly to the fact that the irrigated area to be sown with wheat was occupied with standing maize crop, and partly to the tendency of the zemindars to cultivate sugarcane instead of wheat.

If the winter rains set in before the middle of January next, further sowings may be expected on unirrigated lands. The prospects are generally fair at present.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Tene riffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 3rd January, 1912.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey.....	1	15	Hrs.	18	48
Teheran ...	2	12	30 p.m.	2	29
Suez.....	2	1	p.m.	1	46

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Morocco are subject to very great delay and can only be accepted at sender's risk. (18-8-11.)

Telegrams for all places in interior of China, excepting stations on the coast, booked by routes other than Bhamo, can be accepted at sender's risk. (25-10-11.)

Bhamo route to China is entirely closed to traffic at present (1-11-11).

Until further notice telegrams (code) for Turkey cannot be admitted (13-10-11).

Italian administration notify that telegrams for Tripoli are admitted only in plain language and at sender's risk. As an exceptional measure short telegrams in cipher or code language are also admitted if forwarded via Italy and those concerned deposit two copies of their code one at the telegraph office at Rome and the other at the Tripoli Telegraph Office (20-10-11).

It is further notified that the maximum number of words which can be sent in code or cipher telegrams is fixed at twenty-five (24-10-11).

Ramhormuz line interrupted to Ahwaz since 7 a.m. (31-10-11).

Bushire reports messages for Ahwaz and Mohammerah should not be marked "by post over interrupted section." There is no postal service over interrupted section and line is not likely to be restored till next April or May. Therefore all messages for those stations should only be accepted post Bushire.

Mail for Mohammerah and Ahwaz leaves Bushire every Wednesday morning and post messages for those places should reach there not later than 6 p.m. Standard Time on Tuesday (14-12-11).

Teheran reports Meshed line interrupted since 27th (28-11-11).

Telegrams for following offices in first region of Egypt can only be accepted in plain language and at senders risk. They should be written in plain language English or Arabic only. (1) Ras et Dabaa. (2) Marsa Matrouh. (3) Sidi Barrani. (4) Siwa. (31-12-11).

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for ANNOUNCEMENT of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Re. 2 for six lines or less, and Sas. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATH.

BROTHERSTON—December 1, at Agra, Lieut James Brotherston, the dearly loved son of Captain and Mrs Brotherston.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p. m.
Lecture by Mr. Kanga at Theosophical Hall, 6-15 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph Novelty Theatre, Special Attractions.—"After Fifty Years or The Golden Wedding." Four shows nightly, 5-30 to 6-45, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 p.m. Exhibition Cinematograph, continuous performance.
Skating Rink. Practice Session 8 to 9 a. m. Ladies only, 9-30 to 10-30 a. m. Evening session 6 to 8 p.m ; night session 9-30 to 11-30.

Maxim: "Boldness should be always tempered with caution in the pursuit of the almighty dollar."—Henry Clews.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Oceana," with the English mails of the 22nd ultimo, left Aden at 10 p.m., on Monday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at noon on Saturday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m., on Saturday.

LECTURE.—Professor D. D. Kanga, M. A., will lecture in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society , (21, Hornby Road, Fort) this (Wednesday) evening at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) Subject :—"Materialism. Its Origin; Growth and Decline—a treatment from the standpoint of science." Mr. J. J. Vimadalal, M. A., will preside.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Mauritius, Tamatave and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo per extra s. s. "Shiralla" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p. m. on Saturday, the 6th instant. A supplemental mail will also be closed at 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 7th instant.—Mails for Seychelles, Mombasa, Dar-es-Salam, Zanzibar and Tanga, per s. s. "Praesident" will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p.m. to-morrow, Thursday.

THE MOHURRUM FESTIVALS IN BOMBAY.—The "Muslim Herald", writes:—The Mohurrum festival passed off quietly on Monday. There was no disturbance this year during the festival. Mr. S. M. Edwardes, our energetic Commissioner of Police, deserves, no doubt, our heartfelt congratulation, not for the hard and fast rules he has promulgated, but for the excellent manner in which he has achieved the great success in passing the Mohurrum celebrations without a single soul being killed or injured.

A EUROPEAN GROWL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR—You will no doubt permit a humble growl to make itself heard in your pages. It is the growl of one of that down trodden class, the Europeans. For a long time we have been practically ignored in this land, which it is alleged we rule, and which history says we conquered. Politically we have been crowded out by a lot of fame-seeking native lawyers, elected by constituencies, which don't care a blow either way. Being plain ordinary civilians, we are swamped by and hidden away in a crowd of Honourable Misters, of various nationalities, members of the Viceroy's and Gubernatorial Councils. These Honourable Misters have been placed upon somewhat shaky pinnacles of fame by the impetus of their oratorical vehemence, and the emptiness of their brains. Most of them were or are prominent members of the Congress, which is the greatest gas-producing institution in this country. As Congressmen they professed to represent India, and they still profess to do so ; but the truth is that they were probably never heard of by more than one per cent. of its inhabitants. However this is not a political grumble and therefore enough ! What I was saying was that we down-trodden Europeans had been hoping that our King's visit might lead to our being at last placed on terms of equality with the natives of this country. Our hopes have been rudely shattered, probably because we do not make enough fuss about ourselves. My object in writing this letter is to draw attention to one glaring injustice that has been increased at the Durbar. We have two Parsee and one Mahomedan baronets and numerous knights, Hindus as well. What strikes me as so grossly unfair is that if these gentlemen are considered worthy of having Europeans titles bestowed upon, not one of us poor Europeans should have even a Rao Bahadurship cast at his head. Is this the boasted equality ? After some experience, I consider myself quite as useful and a great deal more intelligent than most of the Rajahs I have come across. However I do not wish unduly to push my own claims ; are there not other Europeans well worthy to be Rajahs and even Maharajahs ? Think of the position Maharajah Jones would have at Pensionville on Sea, after he had written his name and title in the hotel book : I say nothing of the assistance the title would be to him as a guinea-pig. It may be said that the titles would be incongruous. I shall content myself with saying that they would not be any more so than Norman titles bestowed upon native merchants and even money lenders. I trust you will publish this grumble from

A DOWN TRODDEN EUROPEAN.

ALLAHABAD BANK.

The result of the working of the Allahabad Bank, Limited, for the year ended the 31st December, 1911 including the balance from the former account is a profit of Rs. 5,65,000. The usual ad interim dividend and bonus on the ordinary shares at the rate of 18 per cent per annum, and interest on the preference shares at the rate of 6 per cent per annum were paid to the shareholders for the half year ended the 30th June last. It is now proposed to pay dividend and bonus at the same rate on the ordinary shares, also the interest on the preference shares at 6 per cent per annum, to add two lakhs of rupees to the reserve fund, thus increasing that fund to thirty-four lakhs, and after adding twenty thousand rupees to the pension and gratuity fund and twenty thousand rupees to the contingency fund, to carry the balance of the profit to the next account.

JUBILEE OF A BOMBAY NEWSPAPER.

We are in receipt of the Jubilee issue of the local "Indu Prakash," an Anglo-vernacular daily. It has commenced its fifty-first year and we are glad to record our sense of appreciation for its long journalistic service. The paper was started by several prominent gentlemen of Bombay such as the late Mr. Justice Ranade, the late Mr. Bala Mangesh Wagle, the late Mr. Justice Telang, Sir Narayen Chandavarker, Mr. J. S. Gadgil, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the late Mr. V. K. Bhatavadeker and others. Though it has always been on the popular side, it has not lapsed into any objectionable propaganda. It was first a weekly paper, for some time a biweekly and now it is a daily. We are sure it has a bright future before it, if it pursues its moderate policy and keeps its reputation as a sober advocate of social and political reform.

"WHAT is UTRODINE" one often asks when the Physician recommends it. It is a very palatable Tonic and sedative for all the functional disorders of women. A purely vegetable preparation, equally useful to mothers and to growing damsels. Literature post free from MADON, BONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

RE-OPENING OF THE COURT.

The Bombay High Court re-opened yesterday, after the Christmas vacation. In the first division Court, the Chief Justice presided with Mr. Justice Russell and the second court was presided over by Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and Mr. Justice Batchelor.

Four Courts were formed on the original side and were presided over respectively by Sir Dinshaw Dhanjibhoy Davar, Mr. Justice Beaman, Mr. Justice Heaton and Mr. Justice Macleod.

THE RACING SUIT.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice McLeod disposed of the suit brought by J. C. Smith, a trainer of horses against Mr. Gordhandass Khatao, in respect of certain racing transactions. The suit came up before his Lordship from the Commissioner's report.

Mr. W. L. Weldon appeared for the plaintiff ; the Advocate-General was for the defendant.

It will be remembered that in September 1910, Mr. Justice Robertson delivered judgment in this suit, in which he struck about Rs. 3,500 out of the plaintiff's claim of Rs. 8,000 and odd, and referred several disputed items to the Commissioner. Before the Commissioner, the plaintiff claimed Rs. 4,420, but he was allowed Rs. 4,009. The defendant, on his surcharges, got credit for Rs. 1,216-4. The plaintiff was, accordingly, entitled to Rs. 2,792 plus the amount of the decree passed by Mr. Justice Robertson, the total amounting to Rs. 3,741-14.

On the Commissioner's report, the plaintiff prayed for interest and all costs of the reference. The defendant objected to any interest being given until the date of the last order, as no interest had been claimed. On the question of costs, he contended that costs should be awarded according to the respective successes of the parties.

After hearing the arguments, his Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 3,741-14 with interest at 6 per cent. from the date of the decretal order and four-fifths of the costs of the reference.

SHORT CAUSES.

Mr. Justice Beaman presided yesterday on the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, and disposed of among others, the following short causes:—

A MARWARI'S CLAIM.

In the suit brought by Nanak Gugrupji, a Marwari firm, against Hassan Mulla Hakimji, M. J. D. Davar appeared for the plaintiffs; the defendant was absent. The parties, it appeared had dealings for a number of years and the plaintiffs now sought to recover Rs. 6,604, being the amount due to them. The parties had come to a settlement and the defendant passed a writing, whereby he consented to pay Rs. 5,001 with interest Nothing had been paid since then.

His Lordship passed a decree for the amount with interest and costs.

CLAIMS ON PRO-NOTES.

In the suit brought by Chhotalal Ishwardass against Rustomji Ardeshir Pockkhanawalla, and another, the plaintiff sought to recover Rs. 2,500 on a promissory note passed by the first defendant in favour of the second defendant, who, in his turn, had endorsed the same to the plaintiff.

Mr. Desai, for the plaintiff, proved his claim and obtained a decree against the first defendant for the amount claimed with interest and costs.

Mr. Desai also obtained a decree for Rs. 2,500 with interest and costs on the strength of a promissory note in favour of Karsondass Thackersey against Varsanji Bhawandass Desai and another.

A MORTGAGE DECREE.

In the suit brought by Dinshaw Dhanjibhoy Nasikwalla against Haji Abdulla Haji Somar and others, Mr. Vicaji Tarsporewalla appeared for the plaintiff and applied for the usual mortgage decree of the Khoti village of Bhandup.

The plaintiff had advanced Rs. 35,000 to the defendant on the latter executing a first mortgage in his favour.

His Lordship passed the decree prayed for.

THE LATE MR. BHATWADEKAR.

Reference was made in the Bombay High Court, yesterday, in the second division court, touching the death of Mr. Vishnu Krishna Bhatwadekar, which occurred on the Oval on the Durbar day at the time of the reading of the Proclamation. The deceased was a pleader of the Court of very long standing.

Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar, in addressing the Government Pleader, said :—Mr. Government Pleader and Gentlemen of the Bar : Before commencing the work of the day, I wish to make a mournful reference to a sad event which has occurred in the loss of a member of the Appellate Bar after the Court closed for the Coronation Durbar. I refer to the death of Mr. Vishnu Krishna Bhatwadekar, a pleader of this Court. He joined the Bar just about the time that I joined, and for nearly fifteen years he practised in this Court. He was a familiar figure among us and acquired a reputation not only for his loveable qualities, but also for his clear-headedness, thorough work and for his correct course of conduct. Everybody, who knew him, could not help loving him, for his amiable qualities and his unassuming ways. In conducting his cases, he was invariably fair to his antagonists and prepared and submitted his arguments to the Court with great care and precision. Owing to ill health, he ceased to practise in this Court about fifteen years ago, and yet in spite of his physical sufferings, he never slackened work, but in his usual quiet way did all he could for the good of the community, of which he was an ornament. His interest in law, in general and in Hindu Law in particular never abated. He wrote a book in Marathi on Hindu Law and that is itself a proof of the thoroughness and care with which he did everything that he undertook. That he was a talented lawyer is proved by the fact that the University selected him as an examiner for the examination of the degree of LL. B. for nearly eight years, and the selection was due to the desire of the Syndicate to have him as one of the fittest persons and to keep the standard of the examination up to the mark.

The Bar has lost in him one of its valued members. He was not known much to the public because he was unassuming and lived a life of service without caring for publicity or reward. Personally to me, it is a great loss and in paying this tribute of respect to his memory, I may express the fervent wish that the example of so good a man and sound a lawyer may be always kept in view and imitated specially by the junior members of the Bar. They cannot look for a better model.

The Government Pleader replying, said:—On behalf of the Appellate Bar, I beg to associate myself with all that fell from your Lordship with reference to the lamented death of Mr. Vishnu K. Bhatwadekar. In him we have lost an able, upright and conscientious member of the Bar; and though he was prevented by ill health from attending the Court for several years past, he had endeared himself so much to all of us by his loving and loveable nature that we feel we have sustained a great personal loss. It is a loss not only to the profession but to the public at large. He has set an example worthy of imitation by the members of the Bar.

POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED NUISANCE.

A European Fined.

AT the Mazagon Police Court, Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalwad disposed of the case in which Panabai, a Hindu woman, charged Mr. H. Murrod, a European, with house trespass and assault.

Mr. Jinnah, barrister-at-law appeared for the complainant ; Mr. K. F. Nariman, pleader, defended the accused.

The complainant's case was that on the 29th ultimo, the accused, who resided in Bansilal Villa at Colaba, went to the servant's quarters of a bungalow opposite belonging to one Cassumalli Fasulbhai and struck her with a stick. On her brother intervening the accused left her and assaulted him. The accused's defence was that he had been living for nearly three years in the Villa, which was directly opposite the servants' quarters of the other building. He had no reason to complain for the first two years, but latterly the servants' behaviour became objectionable and insulting, even in the presence of ladies. They were continually staring and making gestures from the windows and would not move although repeatedly requested to do so. He and his family had a right to have some privacy in their house. He then gave several instances of such conduct and denied using violence to the woman but admitted assaulting the brother whose conduct, he said, was most irritating and insolent.

In delivering his judgment, his Worship said that a nuisance must be active and imminent, if in certain occasions a private citizen had a right to abate a nuisance. The present case was not such and the accused was not justified in entering the room and using violence. The accused was convicted and fined Rs. 25.

A HINDU'S DEATH.

Charge against Soldiers.

Tulsiram Sidoo, a Hindu aged about thirty-five, was removed in an unconscious state on Monday night to the G. T. Hospital from the Colaba Police Station, whither he had been taken in a victoria by Lance Corporal Bolton, of "F" Company of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, and two other soldiers. The soldiers' version was that the Hindu had entered the military gymnasium and attempted to steal two coats. At the hospital, the Hindu regained consciousness for a short time, and his deposition was that he had taken by contract the mango crop on the military grounds ; that he slept under one of the trees where he kept his box and that some soldiers came near him and assaulted him. It was ascertained that five of his ribs were fractured. He died at the hospital during the night.

The police are inquiring into the matter.

THE CORONER'S ENQUIRY.

Yesterday afternoon, the Coroner Mr. E. T. Lambert opened an inquiry on view of the body of the deceased, when Inspector Guider led the evidence.

Privates Charles Merriman, Fredrick Dounes and Marie Joseph were present.

Devi Mangria, a bullock cart driver in the Transport Corps, and attached to the Station Hospital, Colaba, identified the body of the deceased and said that the deceased lived in the stable with the bullocks. He was a mango contractor. Witness knew Marie Joseph. Witness saw him for the first time on Monday. He worked in the regimental gymnasium near the stable. On Monday evening he came to witness and asked him where the deceased was. Whilst they were talking, deceased came with a light and Marie asked the deceased for food. Deceased said he had cooked no food and was not going to cook for anyone, since some people had been robbing him. Deceased prepared tea and told Marie he would shortly cook rice and would give him some. Marie then left and returned ten minutes later. He picked up a light on the box when the deceased got angry and said Marie had polluted the box by touching it. The deceased was a man of very high caste. He took up a piece of firewood and threatened to strike Marie with it and snatched the lamp from him. This was about 9-15 p. m. Marie then left. Some fifteen minutes later witness saw him going towards the barracks. A short time after he returned accompanied by ten or fifteen soldiers who came running to the spot. Marie pointing to deceased said "This man, jacket" in English. The soldier took the lamp away. The deceased got up and ran some ten paces to a raised pavement where witness was sitting. The deceased called out, "No sahib, no sahib" to the soldiers, and shouted to one Dada, who did not answer. The soldiers stood round. They did not come on the pavement. One of them struck the deceased on the chest. He fell backwards and began to shout out. The other soldiers reproached the man, who had struck the blow. Marie then took two of the soldiers to a lavatory. The other soldiers went away. The soldiers from the lavatory came back and each catching the deceased by the hand said, "Let us go to the police." The deceased said he would go with them and asked them to let go their hold of him. Marie was there then. The deceased went with them. They forced him to go. There were others asleep in the stable then, and one Cadurbux woke up, during the scuffle. Marie accompanied the soldiers, who took the deceased away. One of them struck the deceased on the head. Only two blows were struck. The deceased did not move from the spot after Marie left until he came back with the soldiers. Witness saw no jackets or coats lying near the spot. Witness thought the soldiers struck the deceased because he was pointed out to them by Marie as a thief. Witness could not identify the two soldiers, who took the deceased away.

Dr. James Maqueen, House Surgeon, G. T. Hospital, said the deceased when brought to hospital was suffering from shock. Witness was of opinion that death was due to shock from serious fracture of the ribs, with injury to the lungs.

Examined by Mr. Guider, witness said the deceased made a statement to him that he had been beaten about the chest and abdomen by some soldiers, but he gave no reasons for the beating. The injuries might have been caused by blows from fists, not by kicks. The mark on the back might have been caused by a blow with a stick.

Further enquiry was then adjourned.

ARMY AEROPLANES.

£11,000 in Prizes Offered by War Office.

Details were made public in mail week of the War Office plans for the forthcoming aviation competition, which is designed to secure the best available type of aeroplant for Army purposes.

Prizes are to be awarded by the War Office, on the recommendation of an expert committee, as follows :

A.—Open to the world, for aeroplanes made in any country—

1st prize	£4,000
2nd prize	2,000

B.—Open to British subjects for aeroplanes manufactured wholly in Great Britain, except the engines—

1st prize	£1,500
Two 2nd prizes	1,000 each
Three 3rd prizes	500 each

The conditions provide that no competitor may take more than £5,000, and the War Office reserves the right to vary the proportions of the prizes if necessary, or to withhold any prize. Further, the War Office is to have the option of purchasing any machine awarded a prize for £1,000.

Owners of ten of the machines submitted to all the flying tests, and not awarded prizes, will receive £100 for each machine tested. Oil and petrol will be supplied free for the tests.

Stringent conditions are laid down in a specification stating War Office requirements. Aeroplanes must be able to fly for three hours with a live load of 350lbs., in addition to the equipment of instruments and fuel and oil for 4 1-2 hours. In the first hour an altitude of 4,500 feet must be maintained, and a rise of 300 feet per minute is desirable. The speed must not be less than 55 miles an hour in a calm.

Aeroplanes must rise from long grass, clover, or harrowed land within 100 yards, must land without damage on rough ploughed land, and must be capable of being steered when running slowly on the ground. All parts must be strictly interchangable.

Accommodation must be provided for a pilot and observer, with the controls so placed as to be available for use by either. The view to the ground below must be open, and the pilot and passenger must be shielded from the wind and able to communicate with one another.

RESERVOIR WAVERLEY PEN

Possesses all the good qualities of the ordinary Waverley Nib, with the additional advantage that it saves frequent dipping. A neat attachment above the point retains sufficient ink to write 250 words with one dip.

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THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JAN. 2.

The depression from Persia has become very feeble and is now beginning to influence the North-West Frontier Province and Kashmir. The shallow depression which appeared over Sind has given light clouds in Rajputana and may mark the termination of conditions associated with the dry weather over north-west India for some time past. No rainfall is reported over the land area of India to-day. The forecast shows a light precipitation in the extreme north.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 1st JANUARY.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton arriving in small quantities. All crops doing well.

Mooltan.—Outstanding crops benefiting by fine weather.

Delhi.—Wheat requires rain.

Agra.—Mornings cold and dewy. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Beawar.—Cotton arriving in small quantities.

Amraoti.—Mornings cold and dewy. Linseed doing well.

Dhulia.—Bright, no sign of rain.

Broach.—Bright, no sign of rain. Seasonable. Mornings cold. Cotton plants show bolls rapidly ripening. Cotton picking general.

Viramgam.—Unusually cool. No further rain expected.

Wadhwan.—Looks like clearing up. Unusually cool. Cotton picking partially begun.

Barsi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Mornings cold and dewy.

Sholapur.—Bright, no sign of rain.

Bellary.—Cotton picking of first sowing partially begun and crop accounts less favourable.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 1st OF JANUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 1st January, 1912, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in slight excess in the submontane districts; night temperature is above normal at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity and temperature are normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Day temperature is in excess in upper Sind and north Rajputana; night temperature is above normal in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess in Gujarat and the western districts of Kathiawar; the minimum is above normal at Veraval and Surat.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Night temperature is in defect at most stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is nearly normal.

General Remarks.—Weather has again been rainless in the reporting area in India and Ceylon and is likely to remain so.

TuesdayJanuary 2.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme north and lightly clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is in excess at Delhi and either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Day temperature is in slight excess except at Delhi and Multan.

The United Provincer.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in Sind and lightly clouded in Rajputana. The moisture in the air is in excess at Karachi and either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Temperature is in slight excess in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal in Cutch and on the Kathiawar Coast and in defect elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in excess in Gujarat and Kathiawar; the minimum is also above normal at Veraval.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Night temperature is in defect at most stations.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at Bombay; the minimum is in defect at Mormugao.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is drier than usual at most stations. Night temperature is in defect in south Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—A shallow depression is entering upper Sind; light cloud has appeared over the Punjab and the greater part of Rajputana. Weather, however, has been rainless in the reporting area in India and Ceylon and is likely to remain so except possibly in the extreme north.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 2nd January, was 30·014 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bundar is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 11 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours, and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour, during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water as at Prince's Dock sill :—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.	Day of Week.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	Jan.	h m	ft. in.		Jan.	h m	ft. in.
M	1	m 7 40	25 11	1	m 2 1	21 3	
		9 20	27 5		2 13	16 3	
TU	2	m 8 45	26 3	2	m 3 10	20 9	
		10 14	28 9		3 8	15 2	
W	3	m 9 44	26 9	3	m 4 8	20 1	
		11 3	29 10		3 57	14 4	
TH	4	m 10 40	27 3	4	m 5 0	19 4	
		11 49	30 8		4 45	13 9	
F	5	m 11 34	27 7	5	m 5 50	13 7	
					5 32	13 8	
S	6	m 0 33	31 0	6	m 6 39	18 0	
		6 27	27 9		0 18	4 1	
S	7	m 1 16	30 11	7	m 7 27	17 7	
		1 19	27 8		7 4	14 11	

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian, Standard Time during the ensuing week :—

Jan. 1 (Monday)	Sunrise 7h 12m	Sunset	6h 12m
,, 2 (Tuesday)	,,

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Barrington Court 2,834 tons Captain H. L. Williams, arrived here yesterday from Cardiff November 29, with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Umsambi 2,138 tons Captain W. G. Weare sailed yesterday for London and Antwerp with a general cargo.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Arcadia 3,513 tons, Captain S. Barsham will sail to-day for Shanghai via Colombo with China and Australian mails a general cargo and passengers.

The B. and P. S. N. Company's steamer Mohammadi 1,857 tons, Captain A. Newby arrived here yesterday from Karachi December 30 with a cargo of grain.

The steamer Euphorbia 2,444 tons, Captain W. T. Stevens, arrived here yesterday from Barry, November 30 with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Imani 2,979 tons, Captain W. J. Rosewaine, arrived here yesterday from Newport November 21, with a general cargo.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

H M S Medina.....Capt A E M ..Chatfield Royal Navy
H M S Defence.....Capt H H Bruce .....Royal Navy
H M S Cochrane ..Capt W E Goodenough ..Royal Navy
H M S Argyll...Capt M Culme-Seymour....Royal Navy
H M S Natal.....Capt Clements Greatorex...R Navy
H M S Perseus.....Comdr C P B Powell...R Navy
H M S Sphinx.....Comdr John Harvey...Special Service steamer.
R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr Luck ....Troopship
R I M S Lawrence ...Comdr de Burgh.....R I Marine Steam.
Gerd.....757 Andreasen ...F F Campbell & Co

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Jan. 1.

Brasilana.....2438 Snowdon.....6-1-12.....Greaves Cotton & Co
Baron Ardrossan .....2774 Reid .....K N & Co
Segum.....2943 Nicoll .....Morrison & Co
Barrington Court, ...2834 Williams .....
Detmold.....2516 Winder .....T M & Co
Euphorbia .....2444 stevens .....
Gunenfels .....3501 Fraasiers...W & A Graham & Co
Gallic.....555 Wratt...repairing ...J Mackintosh & Co
Iltis.....3419 Honywood.....M M & Co
Imani .....2979 Rosewaine .....
Kaiser .....804 Klug .....M M & Co
Kilkenran.....2413 .....W & A Graham & Co
Mohammadi .....1257 Newby ..... B and F S N Co
Santhia.....3353 Seddon .....M M & Co
Shah Ameer.....2023 Brawes .....Shah S N Co
Toronto.....3949 Fiskering...Hull...6-1...J Finlay & Co
Wearbeck.....2416 Shotton .....T Morrison & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Jan. 1.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Landaura	2152	Lima.....	12-1	..M M & Co	
2 Circassia ...	4328	Osborne...L'pool...		W & A G & Co	
3 Islami.....	1604	Goode.....		Mauritius ...6-1...	
				B & P S N Co	
4 Gramsbergen	3117	Goot.....		4-1-12....	
				T Morrison & Co	
5 Koerber	3164	Foreste ...Trieste ...		1-1-12...	
				A L S N Co	
8 Ardenrroch.....	3160	England ...Hull ...		K N & Co	
10&11 Chyebassa...	3391	Wadge		Ant...	31-12....
				M M & Co	
12&13 Persia.....	4954	Haughton...London...		13-1-12	
				P & O Co	
15 Hurst.....	2927	Moody		Liverpool...3-1-12...	
				W & A G & Co	
16 Homayun	2154	Molony.....		B & P S N Co	
H W P D					
M W D D					
Indrawati 573	Ismail...	N F...	N F...	Bo S N Co Ld	
Budrio.....	1161	Pigot.....		E Tajbhoy	

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels	Commanders	From
2	Mohammadi	Newby.....	Karachi Dec. 30
	Euphorbia	Stevens	Barry Nov. 30
	Imani Rosewaine..	Newport	Newport Nov. 21
	Barrington Court..	Williams	Cardiff Nov 29

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
2	Wearbeck	Shotton	Calcutta
	Umsambi	Weare	Antwerp &c.

The following vessel obtained portclearance on Tuesday :—

Steamer Arcadia Barsham for Shanghai &c.

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday :—

Steamer Ceylon Maru for Kobe &c.
" Menhla for Rangoon &c.
" Bregenz for Trieste.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line s. s. Olympia Homsward † bound arrived at Suez on the morning of the 1st instant and the same steamer Scindia outward bound passed Suez on the morning of the 31st ultimo and is expected here early morning on the 11th instant.

The Ellerman Line s. s. City of York passed Suez on the 31st ultimo and is due here on the 10th instant and the same steamer Trafford Hall arrived at Marseilles on the 29th homsward bound.

The German East Africa Line steamer Konig arrived at Mombasa from Bombay on the 31st ult.

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Circassia," Jan. 3.

The Anchor Line s. s. "Circassia," will sail from No. 2shad, Victoria Dock to-day with the following passengers. Medical inspection alongside the vessel at 6 p. m. sharp:—

TO PORTSAID.

Dawkins, Gen H S — Dawkins, Mrs
TO MARSEILLES.
Blyth, Miss — Blyth, Miss
TO LONDON.
Heelis, Mr J R — Macpherson, Mrs D
Johnstone, Mr T K — Petric, Mrs J C C
Macpherson, Mr E D — £0 — £0.
TO GIBRALTAR.—Jameson, Miss J C
TO LIVERPOOL.
Baird, Miss G — McArthur, Mrs and infant
Clark, Dr Lily S
Day, Mr E — O'Sullivan, Miss K
Giles, Mrs C D — O'Sullivan, Miss A
Hewlett, Miss — Simpson, Mrs A M and child
Moore, Mrs F G and infant — Sharp, Miss
McArthur, Rev J A — Spencer, Miss

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 2nd January.

321. Parades—Saturday 6th January 1912 :—
No 1 and 2 Companies 1 Inch Aiming Rifle Practice from Middle Ground Fort.
Parade at Apollo Bunder at 5 p.m.
Dress—Khaki and Helmets.
322 Musketry.—Sunday 7th January, 1912 :—
Class Firing for No 2 and E E Company at the British Infantry Range at Colaba.
Firing to commence at 6 a. m.
Dress—Plain Clothes.
323. Duties—Orderly Sergeants for the week ending Sunday 7th January 1912 :—
No 1 Company Sergt H R Gubbins.
No 2 Company Sergt O M F Clyne,

R. F. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.
Actg. Adjt. B. V. A.

NOTICE.

The following are the results of Spoon Competition of Sunday 31st December 1911 :—

Names 200 yards.	Names 300 yards.	Names 500 yards.
Corpl Chard	Sapper Wilson	Sapper Leedam
Gunner Hayward	C. S. M. I. Barrett	Bombr Dixon
Sapper Howard	Sergt Clyne	S. M. Williams
Sapper Wilson	Corpl Chard.	Sergt Clyne

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AND

H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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Chartered Accountants.

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Deposits for 12 months are taken for sums not less than Rs. 500 at 4½ per cent. per annum.

Short Deposits are taken for sums not less than 5,000. Rates may be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Current Accounts are opened with [sums of Rs. 500 and upwards for approved customers. Interest is allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June of each year and at 2½ per cent. from July to December on daily balances from Rs. 500.

The Bank grants loans, cash credits and demand advances against approved securities.

A few Shares are available. For Prospectus and other particulars apply to the Manager.

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C. A. I. B. (London)
Manager.

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BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg. ...	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125°	4 2 2	do.
White Camella 125° (in tins) .	3 12 0	per two tins.
Elephant, brand 125° (in tins)	3 12 0	do.
do, 125° (in bulk) ...	3 2 0	per 8 gallons.
Camel brand 125° (in tins)...	3 12 0	per two tins.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

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9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. "

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6 15-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 32 per thousand"
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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Wednesday, 3rd January 1912.

THE PORT OF KARACHI.

THE revival of the question, consequent on the change of capital, for the use of Karachi as the port for the landing of the mails, adds a little additional interest to news relating to the trade of that port. Not that we attach much importance to the agitation. New facilities have recently been provided for the carriage of the mails from Bombay to Delhi, and these, even although they are more rapid than previous arrangements have been, are susceptible to considerable acceleration which will presently be effected. These point distinctly, we think, to the retention of Bombay as the mail port, and we do not believe there is much danger that Bombay will lose the prestige, which she thus derives or that the increased trade, which she hopes to experience in consequence of the change, will be diverted to the Sind port. This by the way, and as introductory to a few facts concerning Karachi's trade, which are published in the annual report of the Karachi Port Trust. Karachi this year is unable to show a general increase in her trade, but, while there has been a considerable decrease of imports, her exports have made a big bound forward. The decrease of imports was most marked in regard to coal and railway materials, being due as regards coal to the fact that the North-Western Railway have found it cheaper to supply areas hitherto supplied from Karachi from other ports. This decrease, therefore, is likely to be a permanent one. Railway materials are a fluctuating item depending on the local requirements of the railways, and a decrease in the importation of oil is ascribed to overstocking. On the other hand piece-goods made an appreciable advance, the increase in this item reaching nearly 30,000 packages, while petrol went up by over fourteen thousand drums. Now that regulations have been passed for the bulk storage of this latter article, the trade in it is expected to extend rapidly.

Exports showed a considerable increase in grain (169,801 tons) cotton (10,021 bales) and oil seeds (30,700 tons) the total export of grain being 1,147,862 tons as against 978,061 tons in the previous year. Wheat is the principal article of export from Karachi and this is subject to fluctuations of great magnitude, depending as the trade does upon the European demand, the Indian supply, and in some measure the superstitions of Indian merchants in the Punjab and Upper India. The total export of wheat was 989,596 tons against 837,282 tons in 1909-10 and a record of 1,380,000 tons in 1904-05. The increase of the export trade naturally had its effect upon the revenue of the Port Trust, and on this account as well as a revision of rents and salvage paid for the "Cresswell" and "Othello," two ships which went ashore on the coast of Sind near the port, the income of the year exceeded that of last year by Rs. 2,56,211. The reserve fund was increased by Rs. 1,00,000 and now stands at Rs. 21,25,474 the sanctioned limit being 25 lakhs. Revenue from the wharves at Keamari amounted to Rs. 19,81,353 as against in the previous year Rs. 20,59,796, a decrease of Rs. 78,443, chiefly due to falling off in the import trade principally in railway materials, coal and timber. The working expenses of the wharves were Rs. 7,92,090 as against those of the previous year Rs. 8,42,703 or a decrease of Rs. 50,613. the net financial result of the working being a decrease of Rs. 27,880. The actual revenue expenditure exceeded that of the previous year by Rs. 2,21,984, the total expenditure on capital works amounting to Rs. 14,43,523.

The improvements which have been effected may thus be summarised. The bulk oil pier and approach thereto, the passenger boat basin with all its wharves and the whole line of the Eastern wharfage have been completed. The Trustees have now sixteen working wharf berths for large ocean-going steamers, one short berth (350 feet) for mail and coasting steamers and one short berth (307 ft.) at the bulk oil pier available as an emergency berth, when not required for oil steamers or a total of 18 wharf berths as against 11 in 1900-01 and 13 in 1906-07. The remodelling of the Keamari Yard, as necessitated by the new double track North-Western Railway main line entrance, has been completed and a considerable portion of the latest reclamation known as the "Lynn" Yard has been laid out for stacking areas. A portion of the old Keamari Railway Yard, which the Port Trust have bought from the North-Western Railway, has been handed over and laid out as stacking area and named the "Stowell" Yard. The areas available for storage and served by railway lines amounted to some 310,000 sq. yards at the close of the year. Of this 42 acres were reclaimed by the end of the year and the order for the necessary shed material was placed in England. The over-bridge on the Bunder Road for six lines of rails has been completed and was formally opened and named the "Hardinge" bridge by His Excellency the Viceroy of India on the 12th April. One hundred and five acres were reclaimed upto the end of 1910-11. The railway bridge over China Creek which is being built by the North-Western Railway at the joint cost of the Port Trust and Railway made good progress. The estimated cost is Rs. 6,59,216. It is thus apparent that the Trustees are alive to the demands of the growing trade of the port, and are scarcely likely to let pass any opportunity of utilising the change of capital to Delhi to the advantage of Karachi.

THE MINERS' DISPUTE.

THE labour situation at Home is for the moment quieter. The riots at Dundee have been succeeded by a period of calm, and apparently the miners are patiently waiting for the ballot, which is shortly to be taken, to decide whether there shall be a national stoppage on the subject of a minimum wage. This, by the way, will be taken on January 10th, the same day on which the King is to reach Bombay preparatory to leaving for Home. In the meantime, according to the mail, negotiations are still going on and it has not yet become impossible that an amicable settlement may be reached. During mail week a meeting of the Imperial Conciliation Board was held and although it failed to produce an agreement, it, at least, provided a clearer view of the merits of the dispute. The owners find that the difficulty of acceding to the men's demands lies not so much in the abnormal place as in the abnormal man. It is not so much the difficulty of defining or in some way standardising the abnormal place, which is the main obstacle, but the man whose working capacity is not the normal or average. The demand of the majority of the men is for a minimum wage for every coal-hewer, absolutely independent of any other circumstance than his descending the pit to do a day's work. The contention of the coal-owners is that there is a large number of men employed who, by reason of age, physical unfitness, or lack of skill, produce regularly less than an average day's output of coal, and that if a minimum wage were fixed on the average wage of the district, then provision would have to be made for these workmen, or the employers would have to discharge all those whose output of coal fell below the average. This objection has been felt particularly strongly in Lancashire, and it was the Lancashire coal-owners who spoke most emphatically upon it, when the joint conference of coal-owners met at Manchester to discuss this subject. At the same time, they were prepared to go some distance to meet the workman. Eventually the owners offered to set up machinery to investigate every case where a workman failed to earn the average wage, and if this failure were proved to be due to faults in the coal seam, to hard coal or stone, or to any cause for which the management was responsible, they would pay the workman the average wages of the district. The owners, however, objected to the payment of the minimum wage when the failure to earn the average wage was due to some abnormality on the part of the workman. They point out that this would mean an entirely new system of payment for coal-hewers, who have always been paid by results, and they argue very reasonably would immediately produce a reduction of the output. Not only this, but it would increase their working expenses, for they contend that it is only by the system of paying for results that they are able to regulate the output without excessive supervision. On the other hand the men argue that individual investigations such as the employers proposed would lead to endless friction in the mines, would give officials the opportunity of exercising spite and favouritism and would be unpracticable. They, therefore, base their claims on an all-round minimum wage, which will be no respector of persons. For ourselves we are inclined to believe that there will be no more peace in the coal-fields until the employers give way on this point, although in some quarters it is hoped that the employers' offer, which is equivalent to an average wage whenever proof is given of a fair day's work, may become the basis of a settlement.

COMPULSORY FOOTBALL.

Burton-on-Trent has produced a truly remarkable experiment in education. Its education authority has decided that Rugby football shall be made a part of the curriculum of the elementary schools under their control, which means that all boys will have to play the game, unless they are medically pronounced to be unfit. The primary object of this step is said to be to assist in training the social side of a boy's character, and to help that in cultivating a cheerful acceptance of defeat. Rugby football has been chosen as having less association with professionalism, and because the authorities desire to inculcate in the boys a desire for playing games, and to induce them to take healthful exercise rather than be a passive spectator of somebody else's game. This is, of course, an old problem, but it has never been tackled in this manner before, and the results will be most interesting to watch. Burton has like every other town of any size at Home suffered from the football fever. It has one professional association team, of second rate form, and at one time the town supported two. The action of the Education Committee will certainly cause some reduction in the number of school boys who attend Home matches. But that it is likely to have any permanent effect to any large extent on football crowds we very much doubt. It is hoped that the boy, who plays Rugby football at school, will be anxious to play it after he leaves school will afterwards insist on having a game himself instead of watching some one else's. This idea, however entirely ignores one of the principal reasons why football crowds are so large, the absence of playing-fields: the difficulty in obtaining a ground, which is experienced by every junior team in every town of any size. Boys even at school find that they have little chance of playing the game, and thus they early contract the habit of regularly watching football. No boy, however, would regularly forsake the playing field for the 'spectators' stand if the playing-field were open to him. Even, however, if he has played at school the average lad with no conspicuous football ability finds it difficult to get a regular place in a team, because the number of teams is necessarily limited by the scarcity of grounds. Thus, as far as the attendances at professional matches are concerned, the experiment would have little effect in the large towns and, as we have implied, could not in some cases be carried out. As far however as those mental and moral qualities, which the Burton Education Authority believe will be fostered in the boys by regular participation in the game are concerned, we thoroughly agree that the experiment is a sensible one and regret that it cannot be adopted universally. At the same time we may hope that the example of the Burton people will be followed in other places, where opportunities also exist.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Oceana," with the outward mails of the 22nd ultimo, left Aden at 10 p. m. on Monday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay at noon on Saturday next. The mails were late in leaving Brindisi, owing to a mishap on board the mail steamer "Isis."

THE Mohurrum festival passed off peacefully at Lucknow on Monday with no disturbance of any kind.

WE are informed that the Bombay Radio Office was in touch with the Indian transport "Plassey" at 8 p.m, yesterday, arriving Bombay about 2 p. m. to-day. Radio messages will be accepted.

A GOVERNMENT Telegraph notice states that the system of Deferred Foreign telegrams will also apply to France, Algeria, Tunis and Portugal. Until further notice deferred telegrams will not be accepted via Turkey.

THERE was a full attendance of troops at Lucknow at the New Year day parade on Monday. At the close Major-General Wilson who commanded the parade presented good conduct medal to Pte. Kidd of the Highland Light Infantry.

THE *Tribune* says that the Mahdi procession in connection with the Mohurram festival at Amritsar did not take place this year. The Mahomedans wanted to go through the Chawk of the Durbar Sahib near the Golden Temple which the Police Superintendent did not allow. Consequently the Mahomedans gave up the procession altogether.

HERE is another footnote to history on the subject of the proclamation of the Queen as Empress of India. In 1876, when the decision to make the proclamation was announced, but before it had actually been made, Dr. Badger, the great Oriental authority and Persian scholar, wrote :—"It does not much matter what the English 'style' is. It matters much what it is to be in the language of India. I have put in a strong veto against the title of Sultanah, which etymologically is only a feminine noun expressive of abstract power. Hence, doubtless, there are so many Sultans and Sultanahs. Shahin-Shah, the Shah of Shahs, might do, but I maintain that Padshah—i. e. the guardian or protecting Sovereign—is the most suitable designation, and one with which the Indians are familiar. It was the title of the great Akbar, and its application at the present day is confined, I think, to the Emperor of Russia. I mean its application to Sovereigns beyond Islam."

WHEN Mr. Bonar Law said that Mr. Lloyd George was travelling along a road that was paved with good intentions, but that the beauty of the pavement did not alter the destination, he quoted a well-known saying in the form in which, according to Archbishop Trench, it is 'perhaps the queen of all proverbs" ("The road to hell is paved with good intentions"). The usual form of the adage is that which, according to Boswell, Dr. Johnson always used : "Hell"—the place itself and not the road to it—"is paved with good intentions." The saying is much older than Dr. Johnson. George Herbert quotes it in his "Outlandish Proverbs" (1639), using the words 'Hell is full of good meanings and wishings." But Herbert, it will be observed, does not claim the authorship. The original author is some times thought to be Guevara, a Spanish bishop who died in 1548. His version was "Hell is full of good intentions" but even Guevara may consciously or unconsciously, have been appropriating the idea underlying St. Chrysostom's dictum, "Hell is paved with priests' skulls." The satirical proverb has not been allowed to circulate without opposition. Southey protest : "It has been more wittily than charitably said that hell is paved with good intentions ; they have their place in Heaven as well." And Cervantes tells us in "Don Quixote," "Heaven ever favours good intentions."

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Dec. 15.

ATHLETICS.

The annual dinner of the London A.C. is always interesting for the speeches and two delivered by the 46th festival last Tuesday, deserve some mention. The Rev. R. S. de C. Laffan, Honourary Secretary of the British Olympic Council, said it was the intention to send a team of between 50 and 60 athletes to the 1912 Olympic Games at Stockholm, the cost of which will amount to about £4,500. With such a team the United Kingdom ought to do well, whilst there will be the over-seas Britishers from Canada, South Africa, and Australasia to help to maintain the honour of the Empire.

Mr. M. Shearman also made an interesting speech in which he referred to the unfortunate war between the athletic and cycling governing bodies and expressed the hope that a way would soon be found to heal the breach.

CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING.

The Oxford team gained another easy victory in the 32nd annual cross-country race with the representatives of Cambridge University, which makes the third successive victory. The Cantabs still lead on general results however, having won eighteen times to the fourteen of Oxford. The Roehampton-Wimbledon course of 7 1-2 miles was in a very heavy condition on Saturday, nevertheless the leading Oxford men finished up in fine style. C. H. Porter, E. Gawan-Taylor, and G. M. Sproule had a rare struggle for five miles, when the first named commenced to draw away, finally beating Taylor by 21 secs, the Australian Rhodes scholar being only two yards away. By finishing 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 the Oxford team won with the low score of 16 points to 39. The winners are a fine lot of stayers and should the full team turn out in the Southern Championship, the honours will probably go to the Dark Blues. There is some talk about Porter and Taylor devoting their attention to track racing alone however, no doubt in anticipation of the inter 'Varsity sports and the Olympic Games.

BOXING.

We are on the eve of the Wells, vs Storbeck boxing match at the National Sporting Club. It promises to be very interesting, for whilst Wells is certainly the more scientific, the South African can hit harder, and possibly stand more punishment. Wells is the favourite and the writer rather fancies that his extra cleverness will make him a winner, though it will not come as a great surprise should Storbeck end matters suddenly with one of his powerful blows. The winner will naturally look for a match with the successful gladiator of the Mac Vea vs Langford match at Sydney on December 26th. In the meanwhile, Jack Johnson is keeping very quiet, though it was stated at the Carpentier vs Lewis match that the champion, who was present, contemplated making a reappearance, notwithstanding his statement about having retired.

A REAL CHAMPION.

The Carpentier-Lewis match at Paris, served to show that the former is a real world's champion. He was taller than the American, and also weighed 161 lbs. to the 147 of the visitor, but it was thought that the extra experience of the American would lead to the checking of the French crack. It was not to be however, for Carpentier outpointed his rival in all save five of the twenty rounds. The winner has certainly "arrived" and we shall see him after middle-weight honours before long.

INTER 'VARSITY RUGBY.

One feature of the Rugby football match between Oxford and Cambridge on Tuesday, was the number of over-seas players who took part. L. L. Pienaar of South Africa was the full back for Cambridge and H. T. Sampson, the Oxford fall back, hailed from the same college at Grahamstown. Besides these S. S. Steyn and W. E. Thomas upheld the prestige of South African football in the Oxford team, and two other wearers of the Dark Blue were H. Bullock and L. G. Brown of Australia.

BRILLIANT PASSING.

The other outstanding feature was the really splendid combination of the Oxford halves and threes, F. H. Knott covered himself with glory at "half" and R. W. Poulton, the Oxford captain, was wonderful at centre three-quarter until he strained the muscles of his thigh. Pienaar twice made the fatal blunder of waiting for the ball to bounce when hard pressed and this led to two early tries, one being converted. Poulton gained the first try, and the second was almost a duplicate, Knott kicking when collared Steyn being quicker than the Oxford back in reaching for the ball. A few minutes later, Knott kicked across the field and Bullock, a forward, gained possession and scored. Just when it looked as though Oxford might run up a very big score, Poulton was hurt and compelled to retire. He soon returned, and though able to do some tackling, was too crippled to run. Oxford made another fine spurt in the last ten minutes, and A. J. Diggle treated the spectators to a brilliant run through a host of Cambridge men before grounding the ball between the posts. The last score came when Poulton kicked wide of the Oxford back, and Steyn's pace again enabled him to win the race for the ball.

It was a real pleasure to watch the brilliant passing of the Oxford men which was all the more prominent, because the Cambridge threes quite failed to show real combination, the centres seldom being up to take a pass when the wing men got going.

SOCCER.

Little space remains to discuss "soccer" this week. Glasgow Rangers showed that their defeat when visiting Greenock Morton was only a slip, for all the old skill was in evidence, when the champions visited St. Mirren on Saturday, the Rangers scoring five times to the once of their rivals. Tottenham Hotspur continues to gather in points in the First Division of the English League, and enthusiasts are commencing to think the Spurs may bring the League honours to the South for the first time on record. The doings of Derby County attracts attention in the Second Division tournament, a goal record of 36 for and 10 against being striking evidence of a grand attack and sound defence.

Swindon stands alone among Southern League teams, another fine win (4-0) being gained over Luton on Saturday, and unless something unexpected happens very soon, the championship will again go to the "Moonrakers."

THE TURF.

It is no doubt flattering to see so many foreign breeders attend the Newmarket sales and pay big sums for our stallions. This has been going on for many years, and in spite of the oft repeated prediction that it will finally lead to other nations supplying England with crack racehorse that day still appears to be a long way off. Possibly there is something about the English soil and climate which lends itself to the breeding of thoroughbreds for it certainly is a fact that we lead the world. Whether it will always be so is another matter, and one cannot but remember the exile of such stallions as Galtee More, Ard Patrick, Flying Fox, Diamond Jubilee, Rock Sand, Your Majesty, Cyllene, Polar Star, and Sundridge, just to mention a few which have left their native land.

ANOTHER GAME.

There is another tale to tell when it comes to Steeplechasing and France leads England at this branch of sport. Our cracks are usually badly left when they seek honours across the channel, whilst the Grand National success of Lutteur III will be fresh in the minds of my readers. Mention of this race recalls the fact that an English sportsman recently offered £2,000 for Trudon, a French crack who has won half a dozen big steeplechases this season. His owner declined, however, as he wants to try for Grand National honours on his own account.

BILLIARDS.

This is, indeed, a big week in the billiard world. Gray has so far failed to produce any of his wonderful breaks against Stevenson, the Englishman holding the lead until well into the second half of the match. Gray then showed improvement and went to the front on Tuesday, but was soon deprived of the lead again, Stevenson being 202 points to the good at the close of play on Wednesday. Yesterday'd play was very exciting, Gray taking the lead, again at 13,711. After that it was a rare battle, but the young Australian was still 220 to the good when play ended, so that there is really nothing in it at present.

The Inman vs. Reece level match looked good for the latter until yesterday. He was 1,500 in front early in the week, and still over 1,000 to the good at the close of play on Wednesday. The strain is telling on both men however, but Inman managed to do best yesterday. He scored 977 to his rival's 665 in the afternoon, a break of 387 being very useful. The evening's play also went his way and he was only 331 points behind at the close.

IN GENERAL.

It will not come as any great surprise should the professional players make a strong protest regarding the manner they are ignored in connection with the open golf championship.

A team of jockeys beat a team of notable personages in the world of sport in a soccer match at Fulham on Monday. The losing team included Bombardiers Wells, Earnest Barry, Jabez Wolfe, Harry Varden, and W. J. Bailey, the world's champion (amateur) cyclist.

With Frank Wootton, Templeman, Saxby and Bowley all in India this season, the English jockey world will be well represented.

Earnest Barry was presented with a cup, ring, and pin, together with a pair of diamond earrings for his wife, to-day, in commemoration of his wins over Albany and Fogwell.

A new boxing hall has been opened in the east end of London, to replace Wonderland, which was burnt down some months ago. The new building is to be known as Premierland.

An amateur holds second place in the winning jockeys list under National Hunt rules. He is Mr. T. Drake, who has ridden 53 winners in 176 attempts. Top place is filled by W. Payne, who has a record of 71 wins out of 234 mounts.

At the Gimcrack Club dinner on Monday, attention was drawn to the fact that the walk up start had been tried in America, and dropped in favour of the flat-foot start. It was also pointed out that a walk-up would soon develop into a canter or even a gallop.

J. Sullivan has issued a challenge to box Carpentier of France, at the middle-weight limit.

As Jack Johnson has sailed for America (rather suddenly) it is surmised that he may be going to accept a recent offer to meet Jeannette and Kaufman in ten rounds no decision bouts.

THE TALKING PICTURE AND THE STAGE.

MR. ROBERT GRAU, in the "Electrician," says:—The stage in the second decade of the twentieth century, potent and progressive as it is, has now been confronted with perhaps the most difficult problem with which it has as yet had to cope in the advent of the so-called talking picture, a device now having a tremendous vogue in Paris, and about to be the attraction in every European capital. Moreover, two of America's most prominent theatrical managers have been competing with each other for the American rights of what is expected to prove the sensation of the next theatrical season.

A few years ago, when the moving picture first began to be a factor in this country, its vogue was regarded as of short duration, and few were willing to believe that it would create the greatest upheaval in theaterdom yet recorded. Yet it is a fact that the motion picture has survived to become the most lucrative line of endeavour in the history of public entertaining.

In the last five years the vogue of the camera man has served to bring 10,000 theatres in this country into being and prosperity, and has made millionaires of a dozen men who came into the amusement calling in the last decade without training or incentive. The moving picture has solved the problem of more than one-third of New York's regular theatres, an achievement sought for by their directors for the last twenty-five years without success.

The tremendous scope of the film production industry has resulted in thousands of actors and actresses now finding lucrative employment, for it is a fact that no less than sixty fully equipped stock companies are now in activity in this most propitious field.

The question, however, arises as to the effect the talking picture will have on the player, if it is found that the effort to present plays and operas and even vaudeville specialities with voice, action, color and even dialogue concretely reproduced, is successful. We must believe that this result has been achieved, when a manager of the prestige possessed by Henry W. Savage contracts for the American rights, and that, too, by outbidding Charles Frohman. Surely the advent of such men in the field of artificial production constitutes a new and unique era in the field of the theatre!

Thomas A. Edison made the prophecy less than a year ago that within a very short time the workingman would lay down his dime in the modern moving-picture theatre box-office and witness an almost perfect reproduction of the grand operas which have been possible heretofore only to those who could afford the high prices of admission prevailing at the Metropolitan Opera House.

The talking picture will bring to our doors such massive and exclusive productions as the Oberammergau Passion Play, which has heretofore entailed a pilgrimage to the Bavarian city, and an outlay such as few only could afford. It will also now be possible to hear in this country new operas and great spectacles, requiring so many persons to portray them that the transportation expensee alone has prohibited their being seen here.

The regular theater has surely suffered as a result of these scientific devices, for the past theatrical season is acknowledged to have been the worst in amusement history. If the next theatrical season is not an improvement at the box-office, the men to whom the American public look for their high class entertainment will be brought face to face with the problem of meeting their obligations.

Pride is possessed by the theatrical manager in abundance, but when Klaw and Erlanger permitted the New York Theatre to be transformed into a picture resort, where twenty-five cents is the highest price for seats they simply found a way to make both ends meet on a property, the fixed charges of which are nearly 100,000 dols. a year. The moving picture alone seems potent enough to bring the revenue, and we may look for the absorption of some of the Broadway theatres for the same purpose. Two of the largest firms operating in theatredom have with much ingenuity prevented disaster for themselves by recognizing the trend of things, and turning the majority of their theatres into the gold-laden moving-picture field, with a result so decisive, that others are now planning to emulate them, not only in New York, but all over the country.

Fifty million dollars are now invested in the motion-picture industry, and as much more is seeking investment by men who have heretofore refrained from entering the show world, but have been finally influenced by knowledge of the fortunes already made by such men as George B. Cox, Joseph L. Rhinock, Felix Isman, Timothy D. Sullivan, Nixon and Zimmerman, Marcus Loew (who began five years ago in Har

SITUATION IN PERSIA.

SALAR-ED-DOWLEH TAKES THE FIELD.

Government Troops Defeated by Rebel Leader.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 1.

A telegram to the *Novoe Vremya* from Kermanshah, states that Salar-ed-Dowleh, the ex-Shah's brother, has defeated the Government troops under Azam-ed-Dowleh. The latter took refuge in the British Consulate.

At the request of the Russian Consul-General in Resht, reinforcements have been sent from Kazvin, consisting of two rifle regiments and a mountain battery.

REPORTS FROM AFGHAN FRONTIER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 2.

The *Pioneer's* Frontier correspondent reports that the Amir of Kabul recently held a durbar of selected officials at Jellalabad in which Turkish and Persian affairs were discussed in connection with the war in Tripoli and the movement of Russian troops into north-west Persia. Sardar Nasrullah Khan suggested that in view of possible trouble in Khorasan the outposts on the Perso-Afghan frontier should be strengthened and urgent orders to this effect were sent to the Governor of Herat. There is no more news of importance from Southern Persia and presumably the Central India Horse are marking time at Shiraz. The reports of a general tribal rising are discredited. The Indo-European Telegraph line was in working order again on Monday.

THEIR MAJESTIES IN INDIA.

London Eager to Welcome them Back.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 1.

The Lord Mayor, in his New Year message to the citizens of London, says he thinks he is expressing the feelings of every citizen in wishing Their Majesties a safe and speedy return to their loyal subjects, who are waiting eagerly to welcome them home from their triumphant progress through India.

A GREAT LANDSLIP.

Historic Dover Cliffs Fall into the Sea.

LONDON, JAN. 1.

A great landslip occurred to-day on the historic white cliffs between Dover and Folkestone. The noise was heard for miles, and the debris was flung a quarter of a mile out into the sea, causing a tidal wave.

Some vessels off Folkestone broke from their moorings, and for a short while there was considerable alarm.

THE ESCAPED FRENCH PRISONER.

Received by Minister of War.

PARIS, JAN. 2.

It is announced that the Minister of War, before receiving Captain Lux, the escaped French officer, ascertained that he was not guilty of espionage and that he was not on parole at the time of his escape. Indeed, Captain Lux was guarded by two sentinels armed with ball cartridge. He was obliged to force two doors, file bars and climb a high wall, from where he dropped into a ditch and escaped in a motor-car. He says that no Germans were party to his escape. The rope was made from the string fastening of newspapers. He also received books in which were concealed files and money.

THE LABOUR UNREST.

Railway Dispute.

LONDON, JAN. 2.

A conference will be held at Salford, on 28th instant, to consider a scheme for the fusion of the four railwaymen's unions. The Committee urges the necessity for common cause against their enemies, the non-unionists, the Government and the railway companies.

The railway companies have ushered in the New Year with increases of from 2 1-2 per cent. to 10 per cent. in excursion week-end, and season ticket fares in order to meet the expenses involved in their concessions to the railwaymen.

P. AND O. COMPANY'S BIGGEST LINER.

Important Announcement Expected.

LONDON, JAN. 2.

In shipping circles the chief topic of conversation is the new P. and O. boat, the construction of which is regarded as evidence that the Company intends to maintain its position on the Cape route, no matter what the outcome of the Royal Mail Line and Union Castle Line negotiations may be.

It is thought probable that the P. and O. Company will make an announcement shortly of far-reaching importance to colonial shipping trade.

NEW LIFE-SAVING MEDAL.

LONDON, JAN. 2.

King George has instituted a medal for meritorious service in connection with the rocket life-saving apparatus.

THAMES SHIPBUILDING.

Men Ready to Start Work.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JAN. 2.

The receiver of the Thames Ironworks has written to Mr. Churchill, saying "There is no need for the interference of a northern firm. We can start work immediately under existing conditions, namely, an eight hours' day."

Mr. Hills, chairman of the Company, commenting on the situation, is surprised that "this Government is endeavouring to impose on London, a nine hours' day by the promise of work and a threat of starvation."

Mr. Tom Mann, speaking in London, yesterday, said the time would come when they would demand a reduction of hours in the mercantile marine. This was only obtainable by action at the ports. He added that transport workers were already organising, and that this would be a year of revolution.

DR. CLIFFORD'S ECCENTRIC ADDRESS.

LONDON, JAN. 2.

Dr. Clifford, in his New Year address in his chapel in London, said the Government was experiencing a new birth. He said, "Think what it was in the days of George III; then look at it in the days of another King, Lloyd George I.

FIGHTING IN CHINA.

HANKOW, JAN. 2.

Fighting was resumed on the 1st inst., a large force of revolutionaries from Thas-Tsen, making an unsuccessful attack on the Imperial troops.

LAWN TENNIS..

Australasia Beat America.

CHRISTCHURCH. JAN. 1.

In the lawn tennis contest for the Davis Cup, between Australasia and America, (the holders,) Brookes (Australasia) beat Wright (America) 6-4, 2-6, 6-3, 6-3, and Heath (Australasia) beat Larned (America) 2-6, 6-1, 7-5, 6-2.

CHRISTCHURCH. JAN. 2.

In the doubles match in the Davis Lawn Tennis contest, Brooks and Dunlop (Australasia) beat Wright and McLoughlin (America) 6-4, 5-7, 7-5, 6-4. The match was played in sunny weather before a large crowd which was most enthusiastic over the Australians' victory.

CRICKET IN AUSTRALIA.

Second Test Match.

LONDON, JAN. 2.

The second test match was resumed to-day in cool weather, with a gusty wind blowing, while showers of rain fell at intervals. A large crowd was present at the start which was slightly delayed owing to the overnight shower. Australia batted the second time and at the close of play had scored 269 for eight wickets, Armstrong's contribution being 90.

JOHNSON-MACVEA BOXING MATCH.

Agitation in Sydney.

SYDNEY, JAN. 2.

The clergy are agitating for the prohibition of the Johnson-MacVea boxing contest. Commercial men have engaged counsel to test the legality of the fight.

FOOTBALL IN PARIS.

PARIS, JAN. 1.

In the Rugby match between Ireland and France, Ireland won by eleven points to six.

The play was excellent throughout, the Irish forwards dribbling superbly. The French defence was splendid. There was no scoring in the second half, despite the pressure of the Irish team.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JAN. 1.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. "Oceana" left at 10 p. m. with the outward mails of December 22nd.

The "Macedonia" left at same time with the mails for Colombo and Australia.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JANUARY 2.

The total approximate gross earnings of the State and Guaranteed Railways from 1st April to 16th December, 1911, show a gain of Rs. 26,270,331 compared with the corresponding figures for 1910-1911.

Sanction has been accorded to a survey by the Madras and Southern Maharatta Railway on the metre gauge between the Nipani and Poona branch of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, a distance of about 32 miles. This survey will be known as the Nipani Branch Railway Survey.

A survey in the Bhavanagar State to form a line of railway on the metre gauge from Botad, a station on the Bhavnagar Railway, to Jasdan, a total distance of about 34 miles. The survey will be known as the Botad-Jasdan Railway Survey.

Mr. A. C. Robertson, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent from 9th November, 1911.

ROYAL VISIT TO CALCUTTA.

Viceregal Garden Party.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 2.

One of the prettiest of the functions in connection with the Royal visit to Calcutta took place to-day when Their Imperial Majesties were present at a Garden Party given by the Governor-General on the beautiful lawns of Government House. There was an immense gathering of fashionable Calcutta amongst whom Their Imperial Majesties walked about freely chatting with Their Excellencies and their guests. The Maharajas of Gwalior, Bikaner, Darbhanga and Burdwan were amongst those present.

COURT CIRCULAR.

(BY WIRE.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 1.

This morning the King-Emperor rode from Government House to the Racecourse, attended by the Duke of Teck, the Lord High Steward, Major Lord Charles Fitzmaurice and Major Wigram (Equerries-in-Waiting). In the afternoon the King-Emperor and the Queen-Empress motored to the Polo ground attended by the Duke of Teck, the Duchess of Devonshire, Rear-Admiral Sir Collin Keppel and Commander Sir Charles Cust.

Their Imperial Majesties were received at the Polo Ground by Colonel Apostolides and Sir Cecil Graham, and conducted to their seats in the shamiana, where the Governor-General and Lady Hardinge were in attendance. After witnessing the semi-final of the Polo Tournament, Their Imperial Majesties returned to Government House by motor.

EUCHARISTIC CONGRESS.

Celebration at Mylapore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 2.

At Mylapore to-day was held the fourth Eucharistic Congress in India, Prelates and priests came from all parts of India, to take part in the great event and San Thome Cathedral and its neighbourhood presented a seen of festivity and rejoicing. Among the arrival of distinguished ecclesiastics were the Archbishops of Simla, Agra and Pondicherry, There have also arrived in addition the Bishops of Hyderabad, Vizagapatam, Bangalore, Mangalore, Coimbatore and Cochin, the Syrian Bishop of Changanachery and the Prefect Apostolic of Rajputana. The Bishop of Kumbakonam is expected to arrived to-night. The Bishop of Mylapore is to be the president of the Congress while the Rev. Father Caspar, Director-General of the Priests Eucharistic League in India, is the promoter. About a hundred clergymen from different parts of the country will take part in the proceedings. The Congress will open to-night with a procession of clergy in surplices and of the aforementioned prelates. The procession starts from the Rosary Church, Cutcherry Road, Mylapore, and will wend its way to the Cathedral. The occasion is a unique one in the annals of Roman Catholic Church and the procession will be one of the most solemn and imposing sights ever witnessed in Madras. The President of the Congress will welcome the delegates and the proceedings of the evening will terminate with the Benediction of the Most Blessed Sacrament. The Congress will hold a session to-morrow and the day after.

KAPURTHALA DURBAR.

Concessions Granted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JAN. 2.

A Durbar was held in the Durbar Hall, Kapurthala, presided over by His Highness the Maharajah, on the afternoon of the 30th December. His Highness announced certain concessions. Among these were that henceforth non-official members of the Kapurthala Municipality would be elected by the people instead of being nominated by the State as was formerly the case. His Highness also announced that Kapurthala City would shortly be supplied with pipe-water and promised liberal grants for mass education. Primary education has already been free in the State since the occasion of the Tikka Sahib's marriage. His Highness further announced that the agricultural banks would shortly be opened in the State and that the custom of *gudam* or the supply of fuel fodder on the occasion of marriages and other festives in the ruling family would be abolished.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 2.

Lieutenant McQueen, R. E., is permitted to revert to the same establishment from the 6th February next.

Captain Davis, 106th Pioneers, is appointed to Southern Waziristan Militia.

Captain J. H. M. Beasley, Royal Garrison Artillery, succeeds Lieutenant Dunsterville, Royal Garrison Artillery, as Adjutant and Instructor of Gunnery, Rangoon.

Captain Scarlett, 75th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Nowshera is appointed to the Royal Horse Artillery, South Africa.

Lieutenant Beresford Pierce, 93rd Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Hyderabad, is transferred to the Home Establishment and attached to the 16th Battery Royal Field Artillery, Woolwich.

Lieut T. C. Lawes, 10th Heavy Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery Campbellpore, is appointed to the Sierra Leone Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

THE GOLDEN LEGEND OF INDIA, by W. H. Robinson (Luzac and Co.)—Mr. W. H. Robinson's translation and adaptation of the Story of Sunasepha is a valuable contribution to literature. The actual verse is not of a high order, it has suffered from the author's resolve to adhere as much as possible to the text of the original. Apart from this its literary merit is unquestionable. The epic formed originally a part of the coronation ceremonial of Indian Suzerain Kings, and was recited during the religious rites which accompanied the ceremony. The Legend and its accessories are fully explained by means of notes, and are modernized only as far as is necessary to render them comprehensible to western readers. The Prologue introduces the theme, reveals its inner meaning, and explains the ritual of which the recital of the poem formed a part. The first Canto describes the bitter sorrow of King Harischandra that a son has been denied him, and that he has no successor to minister to his spiritual necessities and to discharge his ancestral debts. The advantages of having a son are expatiated upon, and in Canto II Harischandra prays to Varuna, and the King of the Gods promises that his desire shall be fulfilled, stipulating however that the long-wished-for son shall be offered as a sacrifice. Harischandra postpones from year to year the sacrifice, and Canto III shows him smitten with dropsy as a punishment for his tardiness. The son Rohita, grown to man's estate, learns the cause of his father's malady, and unwilling to propitiate the gods by surrendering himself to be slaughtered, flees to the forest where he wanders for six years. At the close of this period Rohita encounters a starving Brahman, and purchases from him one of his sons, Sunasepha, to serve as sacrifice to Varuna in his stead. Canto IV describes the sacrificial ceremonies, and the awe-inspiring aspect of the victim which so impresses the priests that they refuse to strike the fatal blow. The office of slaying him falls to his own father, the starving Brahman, who offers for a price to slay his son. Sunasepha invokes the aid of the gods, and Canto V describes his liberation, and the sundering of the triple cord which binds him. In Canto VI, Harischandra's coronation and the attendant ceremonies are graced by the presence of the released victim, now a priest; Canto VII shows the exaltation of Sunasepha, and the disgrace which falls upon his unnatural father; the epilogue follows. The magnitude of Mr. Robinson's task and the thorough manner in which he has accomplished it cannot fail to awaken the admiration of all who enjoy and appreciate conscientious work. As regards the Legend itself, its special point of interest to western readers lies in the fact that it shows close kinship of idea to the principles upon which our own religion is founded. The sacrifice for the sin of others, the liberation of those for whom the victim submits to be bound, the acceptance by the All-Powerful One of the substitute—these show us that we are not alone in believing that only through sacrifice and suffering can perfection be attained, and that behind the appearance of defeat and humiliation lies the reality of victory.

Since Fitzgerald's immortal translation of Omar Khayyam popularized the quartrain, he has not lacked imitators, who scarcely seem to realize that the touch of the translator rather than the original subject matter, is the test by which the poem stands or falls. A recently published Rubaiyat translated by Mirza Kalickbeg Fredenbeg serves to illustrate this point. The author claims that the originals of the quartrains are superior to those from which Fitzgerald drew his inspiration. We are unable to contest this point, but Fredenbeg's faulty technique undoubtedly obscures that brighter lustre with which the originals may possibly shine. His book consists of 150 quartrains, the work of fifty-one known, and four anonymous poets. These quartrains vary considerably in quality, their translator disclaims any merit as a versifier and merely offers his version as the result of a sincere desire to make known to the public, the work of the less well-known Persian classical poets. As such his little book may very reasonably claim a kind reception.

HOW TO BECOME A NAVAL OFFICER (Grieve Matthews & Leagrove, Ltd.)—This book will be of interest, not merely to parents who have destined a son for England's premier service, but also to all those who take a pride in the traditions of the navy and its splendid achievements. The book is fully illustrated by means of photographs, and describes in detail the career of a Naval Officer from the time that he enters the service, until he becomes "The Ruler of the King's navee."

"GOLF FOR LATE BEGINNERS" by Henry Hughes (John Long and Co.).—This book supplies a long-felt want. Many a man, seeking for gentle exercise combined with amusement, turns his attention to golf only when he finds that the more violent forms of exercise are no longer suitable for him to indulge in. He discovers, somewhat usefully, that it is not so easy as it looks, and that he is seriously hampered by his want of technical knowledge. Mr. Henry Hughes' book will show him exactly "how it is done" and I will make it clear to him that given a fair amount of intelligence and a desire to learn, the middle-aged tyro may end by attaining distinction at this fascinating game.

MUNRO'S BOOK-KEEPING down-to-date is a really good shilling's-worth. It contains seven hundred pages of solid information, interspersed with exercizes, so that the would-be learner may apply the knowledge he acquires. It teaches how to keep a ledger, personal accounts and petty cash book; how to draw up a balance-sheet, how to deduct Income-tax, and many other kindred subjects too numerous to mention. A comprehensive glossary of 400 commercial terms and phrases, and a list of business abbreviations in common use concludes this useful volume.

Although a couple of decades have passed since the production of "Lady Windermere's Fan", the brilliance of Oscar Wilde's comedy has survived the transience of fashion, and still ranks amongst the finest of modern dramatic productions. Unlike many works destined for the stage alone, it reads as well as it plays, and its humour and pathos, and its sparkling dialogue have an undying charm. This, and other masterpieces by the same author have been reprinted by Messrs. Methuen and Co., at the modest price of one shilling, neatly and tastefully bound in cloth. These books are an example of the amazing cheapness of all that is best in literature. Generalization is a dangerous habit, but one may almost say that as far as books are concerned, worthless ones are the only kind that are out of the poor man's reach.

A book entitled "Signalling Messages" published by Messrs. Gale and Polden, Limited, should be of valuable assistance to those entrusted with the training of army-signallers. It deals fully with the different cipher systems in use, and contains a varied assortment of the kind of messages likely to be of use on active service, and on manœuvres. It will relieve the instructor of the trouble of "making-up" such messages for the practice of his men; it is a handy little volume, and contains several blank pages for notes.

THE RIOT AT TIRUPATTUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JAN. 2.

There was no further official or other news from Tiruppattur this morning, not even the report of the arrival of the detachment of the 119th Infantry. It is, however, presumed here that they have reached and the riotous element has been overawed. There has only been a rumour that two companies of the Leicester Regiment were despatched from Madras or held in readiness to start. It is stated also that the trouble has been brewing since Friday.

Recently the Russian Government formulated a claim to exclusive fishing rights in the White Sea to a distance of 12 miles from the shore. The European Powers protested, as three miles is the recognised territorial waters limit. Russia has now abandoned her claim, and proposes to assist her fisheries industry in other ways.

THE ABOR EXPEDITION.

Four Headmen Captured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

YAMBUNG CAMP, JAN. 1.

Four headmen of the hitherto truculent and irreconcilable Kebang clan have come into camp. They appear much relieved at the temporary cessation of hostilities, and, after they had undergone an exhaustive examination, an adequate fine for their part in the outrage of last March was fixed. Steps are being taken to ensure their paying the fine in detail.

The mission under Mr. Bentinck has visited the village of Yekuhi on this bank, where they met with a friendly reception and have crossed the Dihong in native rafts and arrived at Komsing. With the exception of Panchi, all the villages concerned in any way in the outrage have now been visited. Hostile Abors, however, were encountered on the 30th ultimo, by a reconnoitring patrol of the 2nd Gurkha Rifles. In the fight which ensued one of the enemy was killed and two were wounded.

The mission under Col. MacIntyre on the Yamne River is making satisfactory progress. From the signalling station, an Abor suspension bridge across the Dihong, about five miles off, can be seen. It is a perilous structure apparently made of cane and bamboo.

SIMLA, JAN. 2.

The General Officer commanding the Abor Expedition telegraphing from Yambung on Dec. 30th and 31st and January 1st, says that Kebang representatives have come in. Their accounts of Mr. Williamson's murder is substantially the same as given by other Abors. They say that two Kebang men were the chief actors in the murder and both of these men were killed fighting against the Ledum Column. Mr. Bentinck, after visiting Yekshing where he was well received, crossed to Komsing. The Yamne Valley detachment reports from Sibhum which in this case is probably a good deal further south than the position shown in map, "All well and the people friendly."

PAVLOVA.

An English Critic's Views.

A critic whose elbows still ache from the unaccustomed exercise of continuous applause may be forgiven if his pen halts. Mme. Pavlova has come to Manchester. In mail week a crowded house at the Theatre Royal exhausted itself in an unceasing effort of enthusiasm till the curtain fell. From the beginning in the "Pas de Deux," by Drigo, which she danced with M. Novikoff, to the end, in the famous "Bacchanale," was one climbing sea of ecstasy. You had seen the first and you felt it was the final triumph; then you saw the "Ballade," from Coppelia; then the "Valse" of Chopin; then Rubinstein's "Valse Caprice," in which the spirit of music became embodied and flitted before you entranced; then the "Swan," the "Butterfly," and then the ultimate ecstasy of the "Bacchanale," till you could not believe it had all ended, so short a time had sufficed to whirl you through all the stages of ascending delight. It is a long time since we have felt a sense of injury because a performance was too short; that was very really and sincerely our grievance and we are very sure it was the grievance of the audience too. There was no one in the theatre but wanted it all to happen again.

VARIED DANCES.

The programme was so varied and copious that criticism of any but the greater things in it is impossible. There was one very slight piece which no more is to be said than that it was performed; there was a society entertainer of whom we are afraid we can say nothing at all; Signor Livo Boni played three solos on the cello. But after the great things in the programme incomparably the most delightful were the Russian dances in duet or in company by Mme Pavlova's supporters. The splendid fire of these things—the rush and fury of them! Best of all was the Hindu dance—not Hindu at all—so far as we could judge, but splendidly enflamed and furious in its abandon and next to it the Danse Bohemienne, with its climax in the dancing of Mlle Bewicke and M. Chiriaieff who were by far the most accomplished of the members of the Imperial Russian Ballet in the east. M. Chiriaieff had other triumphs. His "Dance Matelotte," a sublimated hornpipe incredible in its grace and agility, its mere precision of step, was possibly his finest thing though his "Gopak," a Russian country dance which he gave with Mlle. Matveieva, was exquisitely performed too. M. Chiriaieff is, we believe, the ballet master of the Imperial Opera at St. Petersburg, which is the fount of all the wave of Russian dancing which has flowed over western Europe and America and wake anew the art of dancing amongst us in the Occident. The members of the Russian Imperial Ballet, which we must suppose to be the fruit of his training and the training of such as him, were hardly inferior to him. These Russians have meant for us the Renaissance of male dancing—dancing which appeals by its marriage of vigour and grace as nothing has done since the art so far as it flourished among men passed from us with the Greeks.

NOVIKOFF OR MORDKIN.

We fancy one of the questions the audience put to itself most often was—"Have you seen Mordkin? Everybody was asking himself. Is M. Novikoff equal to him? but to ask such a question is an injustice to M. Novikoff. M. Mordkin was a fine dancer, but that he first appeared with Mme. Pavlova in England is not to proclaim him unapproachable. For our selves we have seen both, and we dare swear that M. Novikoff, physically the perfect Greek yields nothing in excellence to his predecessor. If we were unfortunate in anything last night it was perhaps in not seeing him by himself for it is a necessary quality of Mme Pavlova on the stage that she draws all eyes to her and none may stray in his gaze whilst he is there. In the "Bacchanale" M. Novikoff seemed to us to be if anything, better than M. Mordkin and though he never appeared by himself and consequently the wonderful "Arrow" dance was denied to us in the "Valse Caprice" and in the Chopin Valse, where one fancied him as the mirror of an ideal Chopin, he made us forget any but himself. Those who know say there are but four supreme Russian dancers, Nijinsky, Novikoff, Mordkin, and Legat, of whom the last has not been seen in England. We could not have wished for anyone better than M. Novikoff recently.

PERFECTION OF THE BALLET.

And what of Pavlova? In her the last perfection of the Ballet, the mere gymnastic supremacy of a Taglioni or a Genee, is wedded to a personality that gathers in itself all the subtlety and strangeness that come from the marriage of East and West, and come to you as something too deep and incalculable for common humanity to understand or set down. Her art—her personality, if you will, for that expressed fully and finally is what we call her art—defie analysis. You may beat your brain against technical exquisiteness, against, for instance, the perfect marriage of soul and body that so asserts itself till the movement of an eyelid chimes with that of a foot and the fringed lashes droop even as the foot droops, but you cannot unlock her mystery. Her whole being matches itself to the mood in which the music asks it to place itself and the rhythm in which it is bidden to move. In the brief whirling moment of "Le Papillon" she is all light and movement and splendour; in the "Swan" dance she so sinks herself into the mystery and romance of what she is portraying that when she floats over the stage the light movement of her feet and her rippling arms seem to carry in themselves a sad and haunting melancholy that is too deep for words. She is able to suggest the grace of things flying, things that take the way of the air, till her butterfly is not so much a representation as a catching of the very soul of butterfly flight; and as that is the very gossamer of the air, so is her swan one that floats on fairy seas, unbelievable in its lightness, its mournfulness, and its intoxication of romance. How reduce to words the infinite variousness of her graces and movements, her shudderings and shrinkings, the sidelong glances, the thrill of her surrender, the splendour of her abandon? At times she seems to challenge a triumphant comparison with our Western classical dancers. We do not remember whether Maud Allan, who has been fond of translating into movement many things from great composers, tackled Rubinstein's "Valse Caprice" or no. If she did not she was wise; if she did, how could she compete with a rendering in which the last perfection of classical technique is joined to a personality which can express itself in tune with the music as that unrolls itself to the ear? To be supreme is an art is to forget technique to possess it so supremely that it is not technique but second nature that comes unasked for, that is the final triumph and that is what Pavlova does. As for the storm and tumult of the "Danse Bacchanale," what can one say? It is not so much a dance as a pagent of all the rhythm of life. Her swaying, leaping form seemed to pulse with life and the joy of life, with beauty and with love, across and across the stage till one thought of the old Bacchæ—

O glad, glad on the mountains
To run in the race outworn
Till only the faun-skin clings
And all else sweeps away.

And one felt stirring within one the immemorial thrills of the old earth and all the ecstasies, and all the time one knew that the new classical dancing had come to its Philippi and was beaten by this new alliance of genius and art. The ancients and their followers are beaten on their own ground. As for the moderns—well, the earliest of them used to dispute how many angels could dance on the point of a needle, but they did not know the answer. For there could be only one and that one is Anna Pavlova.

THE WILD DOG OF ENNERDALE.

Tales of a Shepherd's Help.

Readers of Mr. Seton Thompson's animal stories will remember Wully, the shepherd's trusted dog, who, having long led a strenuous and blameless life, fell away from grace at last and ended his career miserably as a sheepslayer. Mr. Ollivant's romance "Owd Bob" treats thrillingly of the same dark canine trait. Though rare, and rarer now than in the past, cases of sheep-worrying do occur from time to time, and perhaps as often as anywhere in wild regions like the fell dales of Cumberland, where the dogs are of very mixed breed and have a strain of savagery very near the surface.

A DOG'S TEMPER.

The temper of the average cur—never too amiable is apt to deteriorate rapidly with age; a thing not surprising in view of the incorrigible foolishness of his four-footed charges. As his short, hard life begins to decline he finds himself shouldered aside by younger dogs, the flock is more troublesome, his ailments increase, his daily food loses its savour. He becomes surly, irritable; the bonds of discipline and self-control wear thin. Of what avail have been his faithful services? Is he not left at home now when serious work is to be done? Then, perhaps, one day his far-away wolfish ancestry asserts itself, the dorman bloodcraving stirs within him. A chance meal from a wayside carcase may awaken it. Once more he has an object in life—thenceforth it grows continually till the end. But the person of his deity—man—is sacred still, and he will respect the property also of his own master, at any rate for a time—going far afield for his prey and concealing the evidences of his guilt with what I must call almost human cunning. But spite of all his precautions he is sure to be detected before long, and then a ruthless and barbarous death by cord and tree is his lot as it is that of all vicious or useless dogs in these parts. Give a dog a bad name and hang him. It is open to speculation whether a cur's strong natural dread of a lead or halter may not be due to a mysteriously inherited premonition such as sheep and cattle are said to exhibit on approaching the slaughter-house.

SHEEP WORRYING.

The most remarkable case of sheep worrying in the North of England of which there is any record occurred in the year 1810, when a tract of moorland and hill of more than a score of miles in extent lying between and around the neighbouring valleys of Wasdale and Ennerdale was terrorized for five months by the so-called "girt dog." Many an innocent dog in those days must have felt the sting of unmerited distrust in his master watchful eye, especially those whose flocks enjoyed a temporary immunity. At length strong suspicion fell upon a certain ownerless dog which had been seen by a farmer at Thornholme, near the centre of the troubled district. He was not a sheep-dog, but (I quote from a little pamphlet published at Whitehaven in 1864 by one who himself remembered many of the circumstances and had collected reminiscences from others) "a smooth-haired dog of tawny mouse-colour, with dark streaks in tiger fashion over his hide, and appeared to be a cross between a mastiff and a greyhound. Strongly built and of good speed, being both well fed and well exercised, his endurance was very great. It was not long before ocular proof of his guilt was forthcoming. Surprised at his gruesome work by a shepherd, he fled, leaving a victim just alive, but mortally mangled. He was seen to run down a fine ram and tear the flesh from it as "it stood without the power to resist or flee, yet with sufficient life to crawl forward on its foreleg." With a deadly silence peculiar to himself he would sometimes do to death as many as seven or eight of the fattest sheep of a flock in one night, cautiously shifting his hunting ground after each battue and choosing fresh lurking places with consummate craft. The whole countryside rose against him, and every man and boy being a keen foxhunter (after the manner of the fells), the creature was hunted with hound and gun, on horse and on foot, from Cockermouth to Drigg, from Wasdale Head to Loweswater. Many methods were tried to entrap or destroy him, but in vain. His doublings and dodgings were endless. He was often chased from the fells by shepherds and their sheep-dogs, as well as by hounds: and many an enlivening gallop has been enjoyed at the unusual season of summer by occasional horsemen who have been crossed and surprised by the chase in full cry.

A KEEN CHASE.

"The protracted excitement became so great and annoying and the losses so heavy that when the July sheep shearings, or clippings, came on a subscription was determined upon for collecting a pack of the most vicious hounds that could be found, and a very fine lot of dogs were had. . . . On a fine July morning about 200 men and a number of hounds were spread over the Kinniside fells to search for the dog, and were not long in rousing their game about the part of the mountain called Hope Head." The view-hallo by forty or fifty men soon brought the hounds to the place, and the scent being fresh, a quick and hopeful run took place towards Wasdale Head; but the destroyer turned his course back by the heights overlooking Wastwater—(the echoes of the hunt ringing across the lake and reverberating from the Screes)—to the smoother ground of Brownyedge and Stockdale Moor, and took shelter in a cornfield at Priorscale, having thrown the hounds and most of the men off his course. "Men were harassed and tired out with continuous watchings by night and running the chase by day. Families were disturbed in the nights to prepare refreshments for their fatigued male inmates or for neighbours who dropped in at the unbarred doors of the houses near at hand at all hours of the night. Children durst not go to school or be out alone, . . . women were exhausted with the toil of the farms, their husbands and brothers were obliged to abandon to their care. The hay crop and all field labours were neglected. . . . Property was disappearing in the shape of sheep worried, crops wasting, wages paid for no return, time lost, and work of all kinds left undone. . . . Many fields of hay-grass were not cut, and corn would in all likelihood have shared the same fate if an end had not opportunely come. At last, on the 12th September, after a long chase, in which the dog was wounded but still kept the hounds at bay, a lucky shot fired by John Steel, of Asby, rid the country of the pest that had troubled it so long. During the five months the worrier is said to have fed on nothing but live mutton, and the death of nearly 300 sheep and lambs is laid to his charge. His carcase weighed eight Imperial stone.

About sixty years after, a wild dog of Birkby attempted to emulate the deeds of his famous predecessor, but was cut off after a career of two months. He was thought by some to have escaped from a shipwreck on the coast, but as that story is also told to count for the origin of the Herdwick breed of sheep, it would be easy to attach too much credence to it.

JURIES AND SPECIAL JURIES.

The Palladium of British Liberty.

The jury system is one of several institutions to which our grandfathers used to refer as "the palladium of British liberty." There is a still robust superstition that it was set up or confirmed by Magna Charta. In point of fact, Magna Charta's provision that no one should undergo the penalties of law "except by a lawful judgment of his peers and by the law of the land" seems an attack on the system rather than a confirmation of it. King John's father, Henry II., had introduced jury-trial for several purposes (notably the assize of Novel Disseizin), which were unpopular with the great barons. What these gentlemen claimed and obtained at Runnymede was not a piece of judicial progress, but a piece of reaction to refortify their old feudal jurisdictions against the newer and more levelling procedure favoured by the Crown. The unpopularity of the jury system lasted for centuries, and it is not till the reign of Henry VI., that we find Sir John Fortescue, the Chancellor, praising it in something like the language of the eighteenth century.

CIVIL AND CRIMINAL.

For the layman of to-day, the various origins and types of jury are of minor interest. He is not greatly affected by the fact that the civil jury and the criminal jury have a different history. He wastes little thought over the grand jury, whose duty it is upon criminal indictments to return (or decline to return) a "true bill" before the real business of the trial can start. The grand jury is one of our hoariest institutions and across the Atlantic seems to have some serious functions. In England its uses are now so largely formal and ornamental that one wonders, if the demands which it makes on the grand jurors' time can be justified. However, we will not discuss it here, nor need we discuss the coroner's jury, the sheriff's jury, or other minor illustrations of the jury system. What we are concerned with are those juries which at all trials not solely decided by judges are called upon to hear the evidence in the case and to give a verdict on the facts. These jurors are either "common" or "special" according to the class of juror of which they are composed. In criminal cases the petty jury (i.e. the jury which tries the case as opposed to the grand jury which returns a true bill) is nearly always "common." Its always is so at assizes or quarter sessions, and it always is so where the charge is treason or felony. Only in difficult cases of misdemeanour (e. g., company frauds) tried in London can a special criminal jury be obtained. In civil cases in the High Court or an assize it is quite otherwise. There in any jury case, if either the plaintiff or the defendant wants a "special" jury he can always have one. All he has to do is to give notice in writing to his opponent at the prescribed stage or stages in the preliminary proceedings. True the party who demands a "special" jury has to pay the costs of having one, but as each of the twelve special jurors is only entitled to a guinea per case however long the case lasts the cost is a trifle where the stakes are high.

A DIFFERENCE.

What is the difference between a "common" and a "special" Jury? It is that their members are drawn from different jury lists. The lists are made out by churchwardens and overseers of parishes—that is to say, by the persons who compile the rating lists. They are revised by the justices, who sit for that purpose annually. Every man between £1 and £60 is liable to serve on juries, if he does not belong to one of the exempted classes, and if he has the qualifications. These qualifications are several, and include the ownership of free hold or leasehold interests, but the principal qualifications are those of the ratepayer. Every householder is qualified for the common jury list if his house is assessed at not less than £30 in Middlesex or £20 elsewhere. The corresponding figure for the special juryman is £100 if he lives in a town of over 20,000 inhabitants and £50 elsewhere. But is also qualified and this is very important, if he occupies any premises other than a farm assessed at £100. It is this last provision which in London brings upon the "special" jury list such a multitude of publicans. But in order to find out what "special" juries are made of it is as important to study the exemptions as the qualifications. If there were no exemptions and the qualifications stood alone, one might say simply that special juries were chosen on the basis of property and were composed chiefly of gentlemen. The fact is, however, that most of the gentry and the more educated professional classes get exempted. The list of exemptions is far too long to quote, but besides peers, members of Parliament, judge, Justices of the Peace and municipal councillors it includes virtually all clergy of all denominations, all practising members of the legal profession all practising surgeons, physicians, apothecaries, chemists and registered dentists, all military and naval officers while on full pay, nearly all civil servants (including postal servants), and nearly everyone else who is employed in a public or semi-public capacity. Architects, engineers, schoolmasters and accountants are almost the only large professions not exempted, and in some of the large poor-rating parishes of London, the publicans are nearly the only people left for the "special" jury lists. The result which is much more marked in Middlesex (which for these purposes includes London) than elsewhere, is that "special" juries represent far narrower prejudices than those of wealth and education. They nearly always have a strong nucleus of publicans, and are drawn, to speak generally, from those classes in which money-wealth is least associated with intellectual refinement. These are not very subtle judges of any issue, though subtler perhaps than a "common" jury. But on political issues they are the most violent and undiscriminating partisans that modern Conservatism has, and nearly all (though not all, for the Bench has a share) of the scandalous injustices of recent political trials may be traced to them.

THE REMEDY.

The remedy? It might be sought in various directions. Politics apart, those experienced in courts have fewer illusions about juries than the lay public has. It would not take much to abolish them in civil actions altogether; at least there might be taken from them the right of fixing damages. No criminal jury can fix a prisoner's punishment. The vindictive damages which may be awarded in a libel case or breach of promise case are really on all fours with a criminal sentence which it is monstrous should be passed by twelve good men and true who are amateurs in justice. Another of the weak points of any jury system is that it tends to relax the impartiality of judges. The least judicial judge (and we have had some in whom the judicial temper was anything but native) is forced into a sense of responsibility when he tries a case alone or with fellow-judges. But with a jury he is tempted to devolve the responsibility on them. Meantime, if we are going to leave our juries and sort them out into "common" and "special," with the biggest and hardest cases for the latter, it is clear that education rather than property ought to be the basis of division—"education" for this purpose to include not only the passing of examination standards but the attainment of specific posts or ranks in public life. This would bring on to the lists just the sort of people who now get exempted, and would be very unpopular so long as jury-service was merely onerous. If, however, the size of the juries was reduced and the individual jurymen were properly paid that difficulty might disappear.

MR. THOMAS BALL, the American sculptor who has just died, had a curiously varied experience of the arts. Between the ages of 21 and 33 he devoted himself to painting. He then took up sculpture, which he made the main work of his life. His best-known achievements were the equestrian statue of Washington in Boston and the statue of Daniel Webster in Central Park, New York in 1905, at the age of 86, he returned to his palette in order to complete a picture, "Christ in the House of Martha and Mary" which he had left unfinished when he changed his career more than half a century before. Mr. Ball was also of some note as an amateur musician and prided himself on having taken the title-part in

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RACES.

Bombay 4th Extra Meeting.

SATURDAY, 6TH JANUARY.

Entry closed at 6 p.m. on Tuesday 2nd January, 1912 :—

THE LINGFIELD PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs

Mr. R. S. Forage's b aus g Chivalry (aged).
Mr. T. Gordhandas's b aus m Mafoota (aged).
Mr. G. K.'s ch e g Huks (aged).
Mr. F. N. Furdoonji's b e m Gvette (aged).
Mr. W. Homer's ch aus g Ruby Tin (aged).
Mr. J. C. Smith's b aus m Boomey (aged).
Mr. R. G. Baldock's b aus m Lady Obie (4 yrs).
Mr. J. O. Smith's b aus g Duke of Lancaster.

THE MARINE LINES PLATE.—Distance about 9 furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's b a h Braganza.
Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Well Done.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Tajilmulook.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Grand Duke.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Guinea Gold.
Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanji's c a h Shawcutt.
Mr. Abdoola Fara's ch a h Artist.
Mr. Heath's ch a h Sir Hugo.
Mr. J. R. Raja's c a h Guinea Merchant.
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's ch a h Harry Johnson.

A MAIDEN ARAB PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Real Gold. (5 years).
Mr. Ali bin Talib's c a h Kamer-el-mulook. (5 years)
Mr. Mujeed Jurge's g a h Minor. (5 years).
Mr. M Goculdass' g a h One Thousand (5 years).
Mr. Tahar Yunis' c a h Tressady (5 years).
Mr. Heath's ch a h Sir Edward (6 years).
Mr. Yussuffe bin Essa's g a h Ghalyum.
Mr S. Ebrahim's c a h Sooltanalmulook.
Mr. Farar bin Sanad's c a h Bombay Bank.

THE SANTA CRUZ PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Ashroff 14
Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Obechan 13 3
Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Singor 13 2 3-4
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Soomsam 14
Mr. Mujeed Jurgi's ch a h Little Laffy 13 3 1-2
Mr. M. Goculdass's b a h Burg 13 2 1-2
Mr. M. Goculdass's g a h Sweden 13 2 1-4
Mr. Valiji Moosaji's b a h Turkish General 13 3
Mr. Kadoo bin Salab's g a h Upright 13 3
Mr. Bampfylde's b a h Young Thara 13 3 1-2
Mr. Bampfylde's b a h St. Antnony 14
Mr. Eastwood's g a h Dilkush 13 3 1-2
Mr. Thimble's g a h Fairplay 13 3
Mr. Abdul Aziz Esa's g a h Baldwin 13 2 1-2
Mr. Abdoola Fara's b a h Order 13 2 3-4
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's g a h Makeb 14
Mr. R. S. Forages' b a h Saree 13 3
Mr. R. S. Forages' g a h Lama 14 0
Mr. Fahad bin Saif's ch a h Woolwinder 13 3 1-2
Mr. Lion's g a h Pendil 13 3
Mr. J. Crawford's ch a h Dilerjung 13 3
Mr. Gold's ch a h Prime Minister 14 0
Mr. Gold's g a h Yussuff Pasha 13 2 1-2
Mr. Brain's ch a h Flassy 13 2
Mr. Syed Rashid's g a h Khalas 13 3 3-4
Mr. Faraj bin Saadd's b a h Mars 13 3 3-4
Mr. J. R. Raja's b a h Mezahim 13 3
Mr. A. W. Esa's b a h Solitaire 13 3 1-4
Mr. Cassum's b a h Siuclair 13 3 1-2
Mr. Beg's b a h Creditor 13 2 3-4

AN ARAB PONY CONSOLATION PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Omer's b a h Electric 13 3 1-4.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Secretary 14.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Magistrate 13 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Minton 14.
Mr. Nasar Abdoola's ch a h Flying Machine 14.
Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h Kimberley 13 3.
Mr. Valiji Moosaji's ch a h Golden Day 13 2.
Mr. Valiji Moosaji's b a h Turkish General 13 3.
Mr. Kadoo bin Salab's g a h Upright 13 3.
Mr. Ebrahim bin Zaid's b a h Chamae, 13 2.
Mr. Fredrick's b a h Dollar 13 3 3-4.
Mr. Bampfylde's b a h St. Anthony 14
Mr. Eastwood's b a h Dilkush 13 3 1-2.
Mr. Abdulla Faras b a h Order 13 2 3-4.
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's g a h Makeb 14
Mr. Ebrahim Mana's g a h Sin Hindi 13 2 3-4
Mr. Lion's g a h Pendil 13-3
Mr. Julian's g a h Cocaine 13-2
Mr. Gold's g a h Yussuff Pasha 13 2 1-2
Mr. Gold's g a h Mat-hat-baig 13-2 1-4
Mr. Heath's b a h Mutrood 13-3 1-2
Mr. Heath's c h a h Sir Edward 13-3 1-2
Mr. Syed Rashid's g a h Khalas 13-3 3-4
Mr. Syed ch a h Chin Chin 13-3 3-4
Mr. Faraj bin Sanad's c a h Dushant 13-2
Mr. S. A. Wahed's b a h Mamal 13-3 3-4
Mr. Raj Mahomed's b a h Lord Chestnut 13-2 3-4
Mr. Mahmood Shirazi's c a h Engineer 14
Mr. L. K. Kapadia's g a h Framroz 13-3
Mr. P. R. Naik's g a h Agent 13-2 1-2

THE NEW LILLIPUTS PLATE.—Distance 1-2 mile :—

Mr. Abdulla Mahalla's g a h Kabul 13 2.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Galiard 13 2 3-4.
Mr. Hasan Ebrahim's g a h Grey Wolf 13 1 3-4.
Mr. Saleh Tookmachie's ch a h Yunis Beg 13 1 3-4.
Mr. Khalaf bin Saif's g a h Khaskul 13 2.
Mr. Budr bin Alwash's b a h Agah Pasha 13 3
Mr. Budr bin Alwash's g a h Mijbas 13 2 1-4
Messrs Syed Hasan and Syed Ismail's ch a h Bunder 13 3
Mr. D. Framjee's b a h Jamal Beg 13 3
Mr. D. Framjee's b a h Helmir 13 3
Mr. A. R. Dakhiel's g a h Hidayat Pasha 13 2 3-4
Messrs. H Jamsetji's and A Hamid's g a h Crackshot 13 1 1-2.
Mr. H. Jamsetji's b a h Coxcomb 13 3
Mr. Abdoola Faras' b a h Remainder 13 2
Mr Kadavi Abdul Rehman's g a n Bakheet 13 2 3-4
Mr. Sadoon Abdulla Talib's c a h Ankar 13 3
Mr. Salim Abdul Rehman's b a h Mubrook 13 2 1-4
Mr. Haji Ahmed Baghdady's g a h Moyaid 13 3
Abdeola Manas c a h Ream
Sulleman Mahallas ch a h Sinyras 13 1 1-4
Messrs A A Shamlan and Hasan Katoon's c a h Manchester 13 1 1-2
Mr. A A Saamlan's ch a h Mulki 13 2 3-4
Mr. Mujeed Khalashis g a h Jafaran 13 2 3-4
Mr. A Rahimtulad Dr and D'Avoimer ch ah Best Chance 13 3
Mr. Alibin Taleb's ch a h Turkish Guinea 13 3
Mr. Laftebin Sultans g a h Malum 13 1 1-4
Mr. Sayeed bin Mahomed's g a h Brow
Mr. Shaik Sulleman's ch a h Venice 13 2
Messrs A Rehmad and J Mahomed's ch a h Glencol 13 3
Mr. A Nanjee ch a h Royal Fleet 13 0 1-4
Mr. F Cassum's g a h Professor 13 2 1-4
Mr. Mahomed Jalag's g a h Bavaa 13 1 1-2
Mr. Abdul Aziz Abdul Karim's g a h Tezab
Messrs S A Aziz's c a h Phelwan 13 2 1-4
Mr. Dada Ali's bl a h Money maker 13 2 1-4

SIGNORINETTA.

Famous Mare Bought by Lord Roberey.

Signorinetta, the famous 100 to 1 Derby winner of 1908, and one of only three of her sex to secure both that race and the Oaks, has been disposed of privately to Lord Rosebery, and is now at the Durdaes stud.

Chevalier Ginistrelli submitted his favourite to auction at the December sales, when she failed to reach her reserve and was withdrawn at 7,500 guinese.

It was rumoured, though nothing transpired on the point, that 10,000 guineas was the reserve figure. The Chevalier is now free to gratify his desire to pack up and return to Italy, which he announced he should do in the event of the "apple of his eye," changing hands. He has resided in England long enough to become one of us, and his goodsportmanship and urbanity have made him very popular, especially in Newmarket, where his picturesque personality will be greatly missed if he does carry out his expressed intentions and go back to Italy.

There can be little doubt, despite the opinions of the Chevalier, that Signorinetta was a moderate animal to achieve the brilliant double events of the Derby and the Oaks. In point of merit she is not to be compared to her dam the magnificent Signorina who had such a splendid career as a juvenile and so endeared herself to the Chevalier that when asked to price her he retorted, "You might as well ask me to sell my wife."

YACHT CLUB RACES.

Event I—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 2-5 p.m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats.	Al'ances on course. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Medina	...2 20 55	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Cochrane	...2 28 33	...
30' Cutter ...	...	H M S Cochrane	...2 28 7	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Defence	...2 27 45	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Argyll	.....2 27 22	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Natal	.....2 29 56	...

Course :—Cee Vessel round two mark boats placed half a mile South of the Dolphin Light and back to Cee Vessel = 2 miles Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H M S Argyll and 2nd Prize won by H M S Defence.

Event II—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 2-20 p. m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats.	Al'ances on course. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
30' Gig...	...	H M S Medina	...2 42 10	...
30' Gig...	...	H M S Cochrane	...2 42 15	...
30' Gig...	...	H M S Defence	...2 42 25	...
30' Gig...	...	H M S Argyll	...2 41 10	...
20' Gig...	...	H M S Natal	...2 41 20	...

Course :—Cee Vessel round the Dolphin Light and back to the Cee Vessel = 1 mile Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H M S Argyll and 2nd Prize won by H M S Natal.

Event III—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 2-45 p.m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats.	Al'ances on course M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Medina	...Disqualified	a
36' Cutter...	...	H M S Ccohrane.	do	a
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Defence	...3 6 35	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Argyll	...3 6 20	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Natal	...Disqualified	a

Course :—Same as for Event No 1 = 2 miles Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H M S Argyll and 2nd Prize won by H M S Defence.

a For finishing on wrong side of Cee Vessel.

Event IV—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 3 p. m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats.	Al'ances. on course. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
30' Gig ...	...	H M S Medina	...3 9 43	...
30' Gig...	...	H M S Cochrane	...3 10 35	...
30' Gig...	...	H M S Defence	...3 10 15	...
30' Gig...	...	H M S Argyll	...3 10 0	...
30' Gig...	...	H M S Natal	...3 9 53	...

Course :—Same as for Event No. 2 = 1 mile Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H M S Medina and 2nd Prize won by H M S Natal.

Event V—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 3-10 p.m. on Saturday.

Name of Boats,	Al'ances on Course. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Launch.....	...	H M S Argyll	...3 47 30	4 18 40
36'Pinnace..	...	H M S Argyll	...3 45 25	4 14 30
Launch.....	...	H M S Natal	.....3 46 50	Did not finish.
36' Pinnace	...	H M S Natal	.....3 47 53	4 13 15
Launch.....	...	H M S Defence	... Not entered.	
36' Pinnace	...	H M S Defence	...3 48 12	4 27 33
Launch.....	...	H M S Cochrane	.3 47 47	Did not finish.

Course —Twice round the Short Course = 3·3 mimes Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by 36' Pinnace H M S Natal and 2nd Prize won by 36' Pinnace H M S Argyll.

Event VI.—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 3-15 p. m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats,	Al'ances on Course. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S
36' Cutter...	...	H M S Argyll	...3 42 28	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Medina	...3 42 58	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Cochrane	3 43 45	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Defence	...3 43 40	...
36' Cutter...	...	H M S Natal	...3 44 20	...

Course :—Same as for Event No. 1 = 2 miles Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H M S Argyll and 2nd Prize won by H M S Medina.

Event VII—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 3-30 p.m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats.	Al'ances. on course. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Skiff	...	H M S Argyll	...3 33 38	...
Skiff	...	H M S Medina	...3 33 35	...
Skiff	...	H M S Defence	...3 34 55	...
Skiff	...	H M S Natal	.....3 33 11	...

Course :—Cee Vessel round a mark boat moored a quarter of a mile North of Cee Vessel and back to Cee Vessel = 1-2 mile Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H M S Defence and 2nd Prize won by H M S Natal.

Event VIII Altered—A Class Boats sailed at 5-35 p.m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats.	Al'ances. on course M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Turquoise...	7 3	Messrs J W Stokes & J F Preston	6 19 20	... 37 17
aMelody ...	4 50	Officers, R A...	6 18 8	... 38 18
Mahshuka..	3 30	Capt McIver R N	6 16 49	... 38 19
Eileen IV...	Scr	Mr J F Watson & Maj Muter..	6 14 8	... 39 8
Isca	7 48	Mr Faulkner ...	6 21 54	... 39 6

Course :—Twice round the short Course—Lenath 3·3 miles Wind N W Light—1st Prize won by Turquoise and 2nd Prize won by Mahshuka.

a Disqualified for not crossing the correct line.

Event IX—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 3-45 p. m. on Saturday.

Name of Boats,	Al'ances on Course. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Gig ...	...	H M S Argyll	... Did not finish	...
Gig ...	...	H M S Argyll	...3 56 10	...
Gig ...	...	H M S Medina	...not entered	...
Gig ...	...	H M S Medina	...not entered	...
Gig ...	...	H M S Cochrane	.not entered	...
Gig ...	...	H M S Defence	.3 56 45	...
Gig ...	...	H M S Natal	...3 56 5	...

Course :—Same as for Event No. 2 = 1 mile Wind Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H M S Natal and 2nd Prize won by H M S Argyll.

Event X—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 4 p. m. on Saturday.

Name of Boats.	Al'ances on Course. M. S.	Entered by.	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Medina.	4 20 37	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Cochrane	4 19 25	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Defence.	not entered	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S argyll...	4 18 30	...
30' Cutter...	...	H M S Natal ...	4 20 43	...

Course :—Cee Vessel to the Conical Buoy East of Cee Vessel = miles Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H. M. S. Argyll and 2nd Prize won by H M S Cochrane.

Event XI—Allowances and Result of Race sailed at 4-15 p.m. on Saturday.

Names of Boats.	Al'ances. on course M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
30' Galley ...	...	H M S Medina	...4 45 50	Disqualified. a
30' Gig.....	...	H M S Medina	...4 45 37	...
30' Galley ...	...	H M S Cochrane.	Disqualified.	
30' Gig	...	H M S Defence.	do	a
30' Galley.....	...	H M S Argyll	...4 44 57	...
30' Gig.....	...	H M S Argyll	... Disqualified.	
30' Galley ...	...	H M S Argyll	..... Not entered.	
30' Gig.....	...	H M S Argyll	..... Not entered	
30' Gig.....	...	H M S Natal	..... Not entered	

Same as for Event No 1—Course No = 2 miles Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by Galley Argyll and 2nd Prize won by Gig H M S Medina.

a For crossing wrong side of Cee Vessel.

Event XII—Allowances and Result of the Race sailed at 4-30 p. m. on Saturday.

Name of Boats.	Al'ances on course M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
One Dingai ...	...	H M S Medina	Did not finish	...
One Dinghi...	...	H M S Cochrane	Did not finish	...
One Dinghi...	...	H M S Defence	5 9 20	...
One Dinghi...	...	H M S Argyll	5 9 7	...
One Dinghi...	...	H M S Argyll...	Did not finish	...
One Dinghi...	...	H M S Natal ...	Did not finish	...

Same as for Event No. 2.

Course No. = 1 mile Wind N W Strength Light—1st Prize won by H. M. S. Argyll and 2nd Prize won by H. M. S. Defence.

Event XIII—Sailed on Saturday at 4-45 p.m.

Names of Boat.	Entered by
Arab Firstes ...	... H M S Ccohrane
Man-o-War ...	... H M S Defence
Motor Car ...	... H M S Argyll
	... H M S Natal

Procession of Dressed Copper Punts.

Wind N W Light—1st Prize won by Motor Car H M S Natal.

Event XIV—Sailed on Saturday at 5 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Al'ances on course M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
36' Pinnace.	...	H M S Cochrane	...5 23 27	...
Launch....	...	H M S Cochrane	...5 20 3	...
36' Pinnace.	...	H M S Defence	...5 25 22	...
36' Pinnace.	...	H M S Argyll	.....5 16 47	...
Launch ...	...	H M S Argyll	.....5 17 55	...
36' Pinnace..	...	H M S Natal	.....5 16 2	...
Launch ...	...	H M S Natal	.....5 18 28	...

Course :—Twice round the Short Course. Length 3·3 mile Wind N W Light. 1st Prize won by 36' Pinnace H M S Natal and 2nd Prize won by 36' Pinnace H M S Argyll.

SPORTS AT RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JAN. 2.

In the second days sports at the annual athletic meeting Sergeant Miller, A. I. R. of Poona, who won the Army Championship Gold medal last year, also won it this year with sixty points. He also won the long jump prize which he held last year, 100 yards in 10 4-5 seconds and 150 yards hurdles in 18 2-5 seconds. Naik Imam Dite, 93rd Burmas, won the 100 yards for Native troops and Police (time 11 1-5 secs), quarter mile (53 2-5 secs), half mile (2 min. 5 2-5 secs), and Native and Police Championship medal with 36 points.

NAMBUDRI CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

TRIVANDRUM, JAN. 2.

The conference of Nambudris which commenced on Friday closed its deliberations yesterday, after a four days' sessions. A number of subjects connected with social reforms and religious institutions were discussed. The Hindu University scheme was also considered and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya was eulogised for his public spirit and for his disinterested labours in the cause of the proposed university. The conference sanctioned its approval of the scheme.

After the president's concluding remarks and the election of office-bearers for the next year, the Conference closed its session with cheers for Their Imperial Majesties.

RARE PORCELAIN.

Disposal of a Famous Collection.

Gathered together at a cost of over £15,000, the famous collection of Bristol porcelain formed by Mr. Alfred Trapnell was in mail week acquired in its entirety by Mr. Albert Amor, of St. James's-street, London. The sum paid cannot be divulged ; but it stands as a record for a collection comprised wholly of the products of one English porcelain factory.

For over twenty years Mr Trapnell has practically controlled the market so far as this particular class of porcelain is concerned and though in his early days he secured many items for quite trifling sums, of late years he has made price quite a secondary consideration in his efforts to form a unique collection of the work of the famous though short-lived factory.

He thus got together the largest and most representative collection of Bristol porcelain that has stood in one place since the closing of the works in 1781, a collection every item of which has been purchased, not in any haphazard way but with a definite and well-planned object.

Even after most generous gifts to the fine art galleries of Bath and Bristol, this collection remains unrivalled, and though its dispersal through the auction room has been averted by this private sale, it remains to be seen whether it is to remain intact or is to be scattered to the four quarters of the globe.

The comparatively brief history of the factory—about thirty years—and its limited output when compared with that of Worcester, for instance, makes Bristol porcelain among the rarest products of the British potter, a single teapot having realised nearly £500 and single cups and saucers going for sums ranging from £50 to nearly £200. Only recently a tea cup and saucer made 170 guineas at Messrs. Christie's rooms; in fact the appearance of examples in the saleroom has always been productive of spirited contests.

Some indication of the present value of the collection may be gathered from the fact that Mr. Trapnell had a catalogue prepared at an expenditure of over £1,000, of which only four copies were printed, each copy being embellished with nearly eighty original water-colour drawings of the principal piece in exact facsimile.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 3rd January.

6. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class-firing as follows :—(For all Classtaking members will take their sidearms to the Range).

Thursday 4th Inst. "D" Coy.
Friday 5th Inst. "C" Coy.
Monday 8th Inst. "A" Coy. (practice)
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.

7. The Delhi Contingent will please return to Head-Quarters without delay all special issues of clothing and equipment in their possession.

8. A Proficiency Class will be started on Monday, the 8th instant, those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant at once.

9. Maxim Gun.—The maxim gun Instructional Class will be discontinued from this date.

10. Friday the 5th inst.—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p.m.

11. Buglers Parade—All Buglers will parade at Bombay Education Society's School, Byculla, at 6 p.m. on Friday the 12th instant.

12. Viceroy's Competition—The Second Stage Viceroy's Competition will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Sunday the 7th inst. by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a. m.

S. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. R. V. B.

NOTICE.

Rifle Club matches 28 to 30 will be fired at Ghat Korar on Saturday, the 6th inst, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a. m.

At the last convention of the Theosophical Society a sum of Rs 845 was collected for helping the purdah widows of Kathiawar during the present famine.

ONE dose of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, is generally sufficient to bring down fever. It needs but perseverence to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases. SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is a Tonic for the heart and will not affect the system, if taken any length of time. Beware of imitations ? Of all Chemists.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

THE CURE FOR SORE THROAT.

The *painfulness* of Sore Throat is familiar to everyone ; it becomes painful to speak, painful to breathe, painful to eat or drink.

Formamint tablets instantly soothe this pain. Their flavour is itself refreshing, and as soon as you begin to suck them they fill the flowing saliva with a powerful though harmless antiseptic, which soaks into the irritated membranes and quickly destroys the germs that cause sore throat.

No Sore Throat with FORMAMINT.

To many people it will come as a surprise to hear that common sore throat is really due to germs—those invisible atoms which we all run a risk of inhaling, especially in crowded and badly ventilated places. Having settled in the hot moist lining of the mouth and throat, they multiply with great rapidity, and thus produce the dryness, inflammation, and swelling which constitute Sore Throat.

Now it is obvious that if these germs are destroyed at once, *Sore Throat and other infectious diseases will be prevented.* And Formamint does this; it gives the whole mouth and throat an antiseptic bath, so that even those germs which have found a lurking place in tiny crevices of the membranes, where nothing else could reach them, cannot escape from Formamint's penetrating power. Therefore, Formamint not only cures Sore Throat, but also prevents it.

"I find Wulfing's Formamint tablets very beneficial for the throat," writes Madame Adelina Patti, "The Queen of Song."

The Princess Catherine Dulcep Singh states that "she has used Wulfing's Formamint tablets chiefly as a preventive against colds and Sore Throats, to which she is very subject, and has found them most effective."

Hundreds of other eminent people have also publicly testified to the value of Wulfing's Formamint. Among them are the Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, M.P., Lord Justice Buckley, Lord Kingsale, Lord Glantawe, etc.

How to obtain the Cure.

Such eminent people would not allow their names to be published if they had not proved for themselves the efficacy of Formamint. Their names are a guarantee that it would be worth your while to try Formamint, which can be obtained of all chemists, and also to send this coupon for a free copy of a valuable hand-book on sore throat, diphtheria, etc., written by a London physician.

Only a limited number of copies are available for free distribution, and there is sure to be a quick demand for these. Mail this coupon at once and thus make sure of securing your copy. Wulfing's Formamint can be obtained of all chemists and bazaars, in bottles containing 50 tablets. Insist on the genuine Formamint and refuse substitutes.

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F. 9/162.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

PAINTED CHIFFON.

A diaphanous painted chiffon scarf or tunic for evening wear certainly looks expensive. Now, what every woman knows—or thinks she knows—is the exact value of another woman's dress. If your purse is shallow and you can trick people into thinking it is deeper than it is, satisfaction beyond measure has been attained. This is thoroughly appreciated in the feminine mind and incomprehensible to our lords and masters. The painted chiffon can be home-made and yet bear its expensive appearance. Somehow people do not suspect one can do it for oneself. So simple—merely stencilled ! "Where can I get stenchs ?" you ask, "and does it not want a lot of—well, all sorts of things?" No, it doesn't. Everything is easy. Art decorators can supply you with any amount of stencils cut out in cartridge paper, and if you use them carefully by wiping them afterwards they will last many times. A drawing-board or a deal table is needed on which to stretch out your material by pinning it down with fine drawing pins. The stencil is laid over it where you consider best to place the design. Remember to fasten the stencil down only by the upper corners with two drawing pins, then you can lift it up and take a peep at your progress. Artist's oil paints are needed, and special stencil brushes are quiet cheap. Ask the shop assistant to advise you as to size by explaining to him the nature of the design. Your palete must be brown paper. The colours are mixed on this—a knife serves—and no medium of any sort must be used. When you have taken up on your brush a little paint, work it well on the paper. Do not apply it till nearly dry. Mind you keep the brush perfectly upright, and gently tap your chiffon on the spaces where it shows through the cutting of the stencil. Be careful to do this as lightly as possible; only a slight stain is required, and directly you plaster it on failure occurs. Practise first on a spare piece of chiffon, and the knack will very soon be discovered. It should dry almost as you go along and an iron at the back may be used at the finish. There is no doubt that many a charming addition to the toilette can be produced with a stencil, a few tubes of paint, and a brown paper palette.

AN ORIGINAL FASHION.

The modern woman of culture, with a temperament says a lady correspondent, is strongly individual, and this quality finds expression in many ways. She loves beauty, and desires to manifest it in her dress, which, while it gives the impression of being 'in the mode,' is yet rendered distinctive by individual touches—perhaps some quaint fashion culled from an old book or print that pleases. To filch notions for an original dinnergown, I have gone to the ladies of the Court of Henry VIII., and have shrewdly observed their gowns. What say you to fashioning plush in a rich, yet bright, shade of purple into a draped gown, in the modern manner, which, in addition to being graceful, serves admirably as a background ?—the decolletage, cut square, but shallow, extending almost to the shoulders, and against the skin three straight folds of flesh-coloured chiffon. Set round this on the plush there might be a narrow border of dull gold tissue, embroidered with the Tudor rose in glowing rose-red, and here and there an emerald, and a petticoat of this delightful fabric should be seen through an opening in the skirt, at the left side. Well on to the hand would I have the tight-fitting sleeve—an essentially graceful fashion—the line of the plush being softened with a delicate frill of the flesh-coloured chiffon. Not lightly do I make the following suggestion, for headgear is a matter of consequence in this year of grace. Why not coarse gold net, fashioned in front in the semblance of the fascinating and becoming diamond-shaped headdress that one is familiar with in portraits of Katherine of Aragon? One lingers for a moment in giving the final touch, which is wholly commendable. It takes the form of a long fine gold chain, set with jewels, which is passed round the neck and reaches almost to the knees. On it is suspended a small, round mirror, gold-framed.

BY THE WAY.

KHAKI.

Experience made the British authorities decide on khaki as the best and most serviceable uniform for an army, and other nations have followed suit. But all, it seems, are not agreed on that score. A small Commission of Frenchmen are at present occupied in making a selection of style for the French Army, and it is not likely that khaki will be chosen. The French military painter, M. Detaille, favours the retention of the old familiar blue and red of the Republican Army. Invisibility, according to him, may be purchased at too dear a cost. He says that in Morocco it resulted in one French regiment being nearly decimated by the fire of another French regiment. For prominence, however, the old scarlet of the British soldier would have been hard to beat.

"BETTER BEGIN ON THE PALINGS !"

Miss Margaret Lindsay Williams, who has won the gold medal of the Royal Academy, which carries with it a travelling scholarship of £200, is, the "Christian World" states, the daughter of a descon of Barry Congregational Church. She is the youngest artist ever to attain this high distinction, and it is interesting that her first rude efforts in art were made on behalf of a bazaar for the building fund of Barry Church. Ten years ago, as a girl of thirteen, she begged her father to let her paint something for the sale. "Better begin on the front palings," was her father's joking reply to the girl who this year had a fine picture on the line in the Academy, and is now adjudged "gold medallist"—the first student of her year at the Academy Art School.

EAGLES IN SWITZERLAND.

We are glad to hear that the Swiss Federal Government has decided to protect the few remaining eagles left in the Alps. It seems that there are only four nesting-places of the eagle still known to exist in the Alps, and watchers have been told off to guard over them and to repay the peasants in the valleys which they haunt any damage they do. The work has already been taken in hand. Last year the eagles made off with fourteen lambs, four kids, and one cat, which were duly paid for. They cost the Government in this way 113 francs. In the valley of Oberiberg the peasants have tried the experiment of putting scarlet collars round the necks of the newly born lambs in order to frighten the eagles. The Goverment is apparently willing to provide the collars, and experiment has been successful. But the eagles must live on something, and they will no doubt in time learn that the collars are not so alarming after all.

SOME FRENCH PROPHECIES.

Madame de Thebes, who occupies with her calendar the same place in Paris as "Old Moore" in London, has just published her prophecies for 1912. The astral year begins in March, and her almanac dates from that month. The new astrological year is to be under the domination of Mars, and the year is to be one of war and trouble. However, France is to come out of her difficulties with added prestige. Germany is the country that will suffer. We are sorry for this, but it is a relief to find that England will still hold her place on the map. Portugal is to enjoy another revolution, and to be governed by a new King. All this is very interesting, and some people will attach irnportance to this reading of the stars because Madame de Thebes has sometimes been right in the past. After all, it would be odd if these prophets were not sometimes right, for they have as many guesses as there are days in the year, and something must happen.

BLOCKS AND THE CURRENT.

The commissions of both countries who were concerned with the conservation of the natural beauty of the Falls were, according to Mr. Randolph, agitated over the situation, and following the plan he adopted five years ago in damming the river above the Falls some distance, he thought of suspending two heavy steel cables across the brink of the V-shaped Falls, and from these tables drop two strings of 10-ton concrete blocks into the middle of the powerful current just above the "V," and thus check its speed and tend to back up the water and distribute its fall over the rest of the brink. This may be all right enough, but some visitors to the Falls think it is a pity that they were ever interfered with at all. No doubt, the power derived from them is very useful, but two great countries like the United States and Canada might have managed to do without it, and to have left the Falls in their simple and original grandeur.

NIAGARA FALLS.

A novel scheme to make the fall of water over the Canadian or Horseshoe Falls at Niagara more uniform, and to carry out in a measure the ides of the Conservation Commission of Canada and the United States with respect to the diversion of the water over Niagara Falls for the purpose of power development, was outlined by Mr. Isham Randolph, the Chicago engineer, in an address to the Engineers' Club of Toronto a few days ago. Mr. Randolph said that the Horseshoe Falls on the Canadian side of Niagara Falls had almost disappeared, and had worn themselves into a V form. The result was that the bed of the current was much lower than formerly, and the current itself was wearing the rock faster.

WILD LIFE IN LONDON.

Among the black-headed gulls on the river near Waterloo Bridge on December 11th was one that already wore the brown head-dress which is not, as a rule assumed till February or March. In St. James Park wood pigeons were cooing on all sides. Though the pied wagtail is not usually classed as a songrter, he sings never the less. In spring and summer he will at times indulge in a sweet little warble, through which the well-known call-note, "chissle," recurs at intervals as a theme or "motiv," as it were. But the wagtail is a winter singer, too, it appears. About a year ago, in Worcestershire, writes "J. R. H." in "Country Life," I heard and saw a pied wagtail pouring out his little ditty while running to and fro in chase of insects at the edge of a pond. To-day in St. James Park, one of these birds sang sweetly.

THE NEW ARCTIC RACE.

Mr. Comyns Beaumont, in the December number of "Knowledge," discusses the race which Herr Stefanssen discovered in the Arctic regions, north of British Columbia. As the people in question are Scandinavian in appearance, it has been suggested that they are descendants of the crews in Sir John Franklin's expedition who inter-married with the Eskimos. If this was so, says Mr. Beaumont, in such a comparatively short period these men would be able to make their identity clear. In less than one hundred years men belonging to a virile race do not lose their language, their customs, or forget the fatherland. Stefanssen as yet has given us few particulars respecting these Polar Scandinavians, excepting that two of the men had red beards and that they were markedly European in type. If the description, meagre though it be proves correct, they should be a remnant cut off from the great Soythian family and as such can have no relationship whatsoever with the Eskimo, who belong to the same family as the African Bushmen.

DISTORTED HISTORY.

Reasons of Church, State, or other policy have frequently

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

SHAKESPEARE'S SONNETS.

In these days, when the old pastime of expiscating the real Shakspeare from the plays is being renewed, it is delightful to read Mr. Mackail's treatment of the Sonnets. In the essay which he has devoted to that subject in his "Lectures on Poetry," Mr. Mackail makes a clean sweep of all the "identifications." The Dark Lady of the later sonnets is not to be identified with the lady in Sonnets xl.-xlii. "W. H." remains hidden. He is not William Herbert, Earl Pembroke, he is not Henry Wriothesley, Earl of Southampton; he is not William Hall, the printer, nor is he to be identified with one William Hughes, who is himself unidentified. Similarly, we are not to read autobiography into them. The Sonnets are saturated with personal feeling, but "we cannot retrace and reconstitute the original experience." All of which is admirable and is a finding of common sense. One wishes that after going so far, Mr. Mackail had gone further, and had not undertaken, among so many apparently personal utterances, to indicate sonnets which he detected by the subjective test of sincerity" to be really so.

THEIR IMMORTALITY.

He does this however, and notably in the case of Sonnet lxxxi, where the poet predicts that his verse shall survive to eternize the memory of the person to whom it was addressed. "The promise of immortality which he gives," says Mr. Mackail, "is too splendid to be insincere; it is no mere flourish of rhetoric, but the authentic and inspired voice of poetry." Now it may be argued that for all their lyrical appearance the Sonnets are not only dramatic but as dramatic as the plays themselves, so that it is as hazardous to detect the real Shakspere in this or that sonnet as to detect him in this or that passage of "Hamlet" or "The Tempest." And especially are the sonnets of the "exegi monumentum" sort likely to be conventional. Many of the sonneteers of Shakespeare's time made such protestations. Spenser did, and so did Drayton and Daniel; they were almost de "rigueur" in the writer of a sonnet sequence. It is a consistent conception of Shakespeare that he was supremely indifferent to posthumous fame, and his carelessness as to the fate of his works, and not least of his Sonnets, once he had thrown them off, confirms it.

DESIRE FOR POSTHUMOUS FAME.

The truth is, the desire for posthumous fame is somewhat a rare and exotic growth. When one comes to examine the motives which may impel to it it turns out to be different, almost in kind from what it so closely resembles—love of contemporary fame. Apart altogether from the cash-box aspect of the latter, a writer may desire popularity because it confirms him in his favourable estimate of his own powers. Some writers require no such confirmation and are already so convinced of themselves that they can continue to turn out work for a lifetime in which the public take no interest. But there are men of equal genius but of a softer fibre who are capable of being by force of hostile criticism shaken in their belief in themselves and silenced, and who are like that farmer's son of whom Tennyson speaks, who, although in excellent health, took to bed because his friends, had conspired to convince him that he looked as if he were at death's door. Very different is the case of those for whom popularity is merely recognition. They know themselves not to be average men, and they wish to be known to others just for what they are. Not to be recognised is to be misunderstood, and to them popularity is acceptable for the same reason as, Luther says, faith is acceptable to God. "It gives Him His due."

THE MOTIVE OF VANITY.

Finally, there is the motive of vanity, a motive that often goes along with genuine strength. If it is not unimpeachable ethically, it is at least human nature that one should take pleasure in being favourably talked about and in inhaling an incense which encourages one in kindly thoughts concerning oneself. On the other hand, when one seeks for the reasons that actuate towards a posthumous fame, they seem to belong to a different class. It is just conceivable that a poet—although the motive is beyond the average man—should wish for the survival of his work in order to perpetuate the admiration of one whom he has himself admired. More intelligible is Hazlitt's explanation that writers address posterity in order that succeeding generations may derive from their work such pleasure as they themselves have derived from that of their predecessors. On the whole, however, perhaps the longing will be found to exist in most cases in those writers who appeal to a limited circle of readers. In such cases it is not admiration the writer wishes but comprehension and sympathy, and although, as the moralists insist, his desire for a subjective immortality implies a subconscious belief in an objective immortality, it soothes him to think that each generation will yield him sympathisers.

EDINBURGH AS THEY SAW IT.

The general rule with an sedition de luxe, "Ediabargh Revisited," by James Bone. With Drawings by Hanslip Fletcher (Sidgwick and Jackson.) 21s net of which both letterpress and illustration are new is that one is either inferior to or at best but a good accompaniment of the other. There are of course exceptions; there are books written and illustrated by one man which have a unity that makes them whole and there is "Edinburgh Revisited" by Mr. James Bone and Mr. Hanslip Fletcher. It is impossible to praise this volume with moderation indeed it is a positive relief to be able to say that if it have a flaw that flaw takes the shape of a slight incoherence of text and drawing so that one is aware in reading Mr. Bone's chapters that he had not Mr. Fletchter's plates and sheets under his eye when he wrote as we have when we look and admire. This slight discrepancy is the more noticeable on account of the rather literary character of Mr. Fletcher's beautiful work. What strikes the mind first in such plates as the "French Prisoner's Side of the Castle" or the etching "Edinburgh from Salisbury Crags," which stands as frontispiece, is not so much the wonderful draughtsmanship displayed not even the clever atmospheric effects obtained, as something imaginative, almost lyrical, suggesting the personality of the artist as well as the poetry of the subject. One feels that Mr. Fletcher could have written about Edinburgh. These remarks are not intended to convey any sense of disappointment with the gentleman who has written about Edinburgh. It was a happy inspiration that placed the task of glorifying the most beautiful town in the world in the hands of a man from Glasgow. The faintest tincture of a jealous loyalty to that other pride of the North prevents Mr. Bone from becoming sentimental over Ediaburgh and stiffens his admiration into critical praise. He revisits Edinburgh armed with memories; he lives there growing more and more of an explorer, so that when he comes to write his book he can both re-create the past for his readers and point them to unexploited beauties, to hitherto uncommended points of view. He can also tell new and original ghost-stories as becomes a good Scot. He has helped to make a super-excellent book.

THEY are complaining in America, that the style of forensic eloquence is changing. It is no longer worth one's while, so they say, to go down to the courts in the hope of hearing real oratory. "Case and Comment," an American legal paper points the difference by recalling the manner of a certain Robinson, of Cleveland, whose addresses to a jury used to attract a crowd in the old days. One of his great triumphs was in a case where the opposing counsel was defending a notorious miser. "Who is this man? who is he?" thundered Robinson "You know and I know that he boils his potatoes in widows' tears." This sublime flight of imagination so impressed the jury that Robinson won his case.

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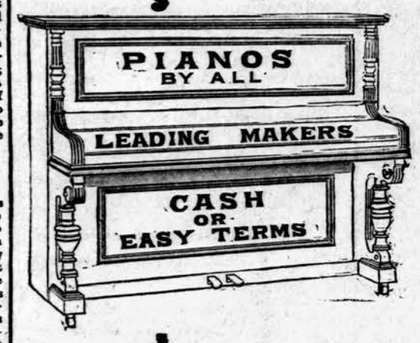

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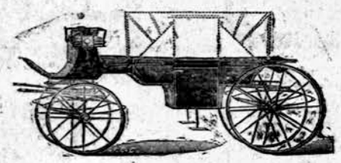

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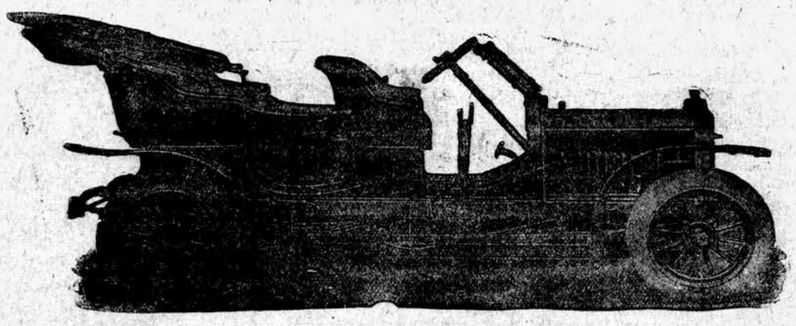

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